FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Nov. 26

Sun Rises	6 47 A M
Sun Sets	4 46 P M
Day's Length	9 h 59 m
High Water at Southport	8 43 P M
High Water at Wilmington	10 38 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 26.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature, 8 a. m., 38°; 8 p. m., 62°; maximum, 68°; minimum, 36°; mean, 53°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1.01.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. November 25, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

A storm of decided energy is central over the lower Missouri valley. A high area and cold wave is entering from the far Northwest, while the recent high area is central off the Middle Atlantic coast. Rain is falling from the Gulf States north to Michigan and from the coast west to the Missouri valley. Snow is falling over the upper lakes, Minnesota and Nebraska. It is decidedly colder north of Oklahoma and warmer east of the storm depression.

Local forecast to 12 o'clock midnight Friday: Cloudy, with showers; warmer; east to south winds increasing in force.

OUTLINES.

The negro university at Tugaloo, Miss., destroyed by fire; no one injured; loss $20 000. —— There is continued opposition in Spain to the government's scheme of reforms for Cuba. —— University of Virginia defeated University of North Carolina in the game of foot ball at Richmond; score 12 to 0. —— Another day of disorder marked the session of the lower house of the Austrian Reichsrath; the president was finally compelled to close the sitting. —— Michael beat Starbuck in a 25 mile bicycle contest at Madison Square Garden; time 50 minutes, 29 1 5 seconds. —— Tommy Ryan knocked out Australian Jim Ryan in five rounds at Elmira, N Y. —— Within ten days it is announced, Corbett and Fitzsimmons will sign articles for another fight for the championship. —— The silver jubilee of Bishop Leo Haid concluded yesterday; —— Cardinal Gibbons, who attended, will leave Charlotte to-day for Wilmington. —— The power plant of the U S Electric Lighting Co., Washington, D. C., was on fire early this morning. —— Jerry Johnson, negro, was lynched near Screven, Ga., for stealing a mule. —— Fire at Pensacola, Fla., destroyed about $100 000 worth of property. —— An unknown negro was lynched near Blackshear, Ga., for criminal assault on a white girl.

A railroad company in England is going to construct a tunnel ten miles long. It expects to have a monopoly of the bridal tourist business.

Mr. Chas. T. Yerkes, the Chicago railroad man, has more money than he knows what to do with, and has bought a daily newspaper. He has struck a pretty good plan to reduce the surplus.

If Mrs. Luetgert has been so frequently seen since she is supposed by many to have passed through that vat, it seems to us that Luetgert should have applied for a capias for her before the second trial began.

According to Gen. Blanco's report out of the 192,000 men sent to Weyler there are only 89,000 fit for duty, while 40,000 are in hospitals. So it seems that between the machetes of the Cubans, sickness, &c., 63,000 have disappeared.

The New York *Herald* has been writing lately on "premature burials" There are doubtless a good many premature burials, but it must be admitted that there are a good many people who are not buried soon enough.

Hon. Wm. L. Wilson, President of Washington and Lee University, says he is "perfectly contented and delighted to be out of politics." It may be incidentally remarked, however, that Mr. Wilson has a pretty nice, snug birth where he is.

An Indiana farmer has a barn that he will have to use a ladder to get into after a while. He used willow posts when building the barn, these took root, are growing and are lifting the barn right up. The floor is now three feet above the ground.

A Northern Republican contemporary remarks: "Nations are much like individuals. A creditor nation has a debtor nation where it wants it." We are a debtor to Great Britain, she has us where she wants us and is playing the gold standard on us right along.

A London man has received $1,500 damages from a London bar because the bar maid in opening a bottle of soda popped in the wrong direction and popped him in the eye. But it didn't hurt his eye, and he has been going back there ever since to see that girl shoot.

A trial of inventor Lakes' sub-marine boat, in the Patapsco river the other day, is said to have demonstrated the practicability of that kind of craft. She remained under water for several hours, ran at any depth desired, made a speed of five miles an hour on the surface and greater speed below.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 57. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9.447

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The Insurance Commission of Wisconsin has figured up a nice little sum of back dues against the Travellers' Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., which has been doing an life and accident business in that State since 1865, but only took out a life license. The court holds that it is liable for the accident license, which it dodged not by accident, and must fork over the back dues of $34,101.59 assessed against it.

The search expedition sent out by the King of Sweden to hunt for Andree has returned without having found any trace of him. He has been gone over four months now, with very strong probabilities that he will stay gone, although possibly he may have landed somewhere and camped for the winter.

An Indiana man, who soured at the refusal of his sweetheart to marry him and shot himself, recovered. They made up and got married. After a month's trial he has come to the conclusion that he made a mistake in getting well, for he has been getting along very badly ever since and now wants a divorce.

A Detroit girl is suing her fellow for $299 damages for breach of promise. She had been running a bargain counter, and couldn't help getting in the 99.

As an evidence that beer goes a good deal further in England than poetry attention is called to the fact that ten brewers have been ennobled to one poet.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STAR—Printer wanted.
OPERA HOUSE—Faust.
OPERA HOUSE—Arnold-Welles Players

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. A. Cavenaugh, of Long Creek, was here yesterday.

— Capt. V. V. Richardson, of Whiteville, was registered here yesterday.

— Mr. J. F. Parker, of Lumberton, was among yesterday's hotel registrations.

— Mr. and Mrs. E. A. White, of Lumberton, were among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. V. S. Stephens, the Postal Telegraph operator at Southport, spent his Thanksgiving here.

— Among the visitors in the city on Thanksgiving day were: P. R. Mattox, Marine's; M. McBrayer, Rutherfordton; W. H. Jarman, Jacksmith.

— A welcome arrival in the city last evening was Mr. Victor T. Boatwright, formerly of this city, but now of Portsmouth, Va. "Vic" looks as natural as ever.

— Mr. W. G. Forlong, formerly roadmaster on the W., N. & N. railroad, now holding a similar position on the W., C. & A., between here and Florence, was among the Thanksgiving visitors in the city yesterday.

Death of Capt. A. D. Lippitt.

Mr. Thomas B. Lippitt received on yesterday a telegram announcing the death of his brother, Capt. A. D. Lippitt, which occurred yesterday morning at his late home in Pittsboro, Chatham county. His death terminated an illness of twelve months.

Capt. Lippitt was born and reared in Wilmington. He married a daughter of the late General R. E. Colston. He was a member of the Wilmington Light Infantry, and entered the war in Company G, that organization, Eighteenth regiment.

He was afterwards transferred to the Sixty first regiment, Clingman's brigade, Hoke's division, as lieutenant, not long after winning the rank of captain.

Deceased was 56 years of age, and is survived by his wife and two sons, Dr. W. H. Lippitt and Mr. Edward L. Lippitt. His only brother is Mr. T. B. Lippitt, of this city.

Boating Party.

A pleasant boating party, complimentary to several visiting young ladies, was given yesterday afternoon by the Misses Smallbones. The ride was taken in a boat off the *Susan P. Oliver*, and was greatly enjoyed by a number of young folks. Among those in attendance were Misses Sales and Carraway, of Virginia. The party was chaperoned by Mrs. H. G. Smallbones and the boat was managed by Mr. Clarence Maffitt.

Thanksgiving Cider

Made from grafted fruit on his own farm in New York State. That is the description of a Thanksgiving present of fine apple cider sent Col. F. W. Foster yesterday. Some of his friends had the pleasure of testing it and pronounced it all and more than was claimed for it.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Several matrimonial events are scheduled to take place next month.

— The temples of justice remained closed yesterday, and consequently nothing is to be reported from court circles.

— The schooner *Samuel Hall*, Capt. Mumford, arrived yesterday from Barren Island, N. Y., consigned to Geo. Harriss, Son & Co.

— If there were any Democrats who were willing to "fuse" with Senator Butler before he delivered his Rocky Mount speech they will be very likely to re-fuse now.

— The Improved Order of Good Samaritans and Daughters of Samaria, colored, celebrated on a large scale yesterday. The occasion was the laying of the corner stone of the new lodge on the corner of Sixth and Hanover streets.

— Post-office robberies are becoming as common as pig tracks. The office at Leaksville, Rockingham county, was robbed last Tuesday night of over $150 00 in cash and about $70 00 in stamps. Where are Uncle Sam's sleuths?

— The Postal Telegraph Company was represented in the woods yesterday by Messrs. Wade Leonard and Sam Wood, of the office in this city. Last night they proudly displayed a number of squirrels as a reward for their adventure.

— Thanksgiving day was rather quiet than otherwise. Practically all the stores were closed, and the day seemed very much like a Sunday until the afternoon, when the balloon ascension caused something of a stir. There were appropriate services at all the churches.

— The football cranks made merry last night, and the victorious and the vanquished joined hands and proceeded to have a good time. At the theatre a goodly number of the shaggy-haired and leather-lunged individuals were in evidence, and before the rise of the curtain upon each act made the house ring with football yells. It is needless to say that the players who wore the colors of the Coast Line and O. A. N. elevens scored hits upon their every appearance.

OPERA HOUSE.

Lewis Morrison in Faust Next Monday Night.

The eminent actor Lewis Morrison appears at the Opera House Monday evening.

The coming of Lewis Morrison is always an assurance to those who seek their enjoyment within the glare of the footlights of excellence in the care and finish of the production. For the past half dozen years or more, Mr. Morrison has toured this country with his production of "Faust" which is too well and favorably known in this city to need any advance commendation or puffery. It need only be noted that this year the stage embellishment has been entirely rearranged so that every one of the seven scenes are not only fresh from the scene painter's brush, but they are entirely new in their design. The same marvels in electrical effects that have heretofore characterized this production will again be seen and in addition to a very excellent company headed by clever Florence Roberts as *Marguerite* and White Whittlesey as *Faust*, Mr. Morrison has secured one of the best quartettes obtainable, and their rendition of gems from Gounod's score of "Faust" and selections from the compositions of Rossini and Meyerbeer are one of the attractive features of the presentation of the play."

By special arrangement with the management of Mr. Morrison Manager Schloss, of the Opera House, announces that the prices of admission to the theatre will not be increased. The advance sale of seats will commence tomorrow morning at Gerken's. A purchase of over ten tickets at a time by one individual will not be allowed, and no tickets will be laid aside.

THIEF CAPTURED.

The Negro Man Who Recently Entered and Robbed Messrs. Penny & Co.'s Store.

John Sanders, alias Willie Banks, colored, now in jail awaiting trial at the next term of the Criminal Court on the charge of robbing the schoonor *Pigott*, Captain Phelps, at the time of the robbery anchored in the river foot of Dock street, will be tried this morning at 10 o'clock by Justice Bunting on two more charges of larceny. It is alleged that Sanders, alias Banks, is the man who so boldly robbed the store of Messrs. W. J. Penny & Co., corner Market and Water streets (as told in the STAR), early on the morning of the 17th inst., and is also the man who stole a pair of boots from that store about a week ago. The first robbery was committed right under the eyes of the police, and in a bold manner, an entrance to the store being effected by removing both the upper and lower sashes of a window fronting on Market street; the last robbery was committed early on Saturday night while the store of Messrs. Penny & Co. was full of people buying.

The cases against Sanders, alias Banks, were worked up by Deputy Sheriff Flynn, who a few days after the robberies found a watch stolen from Messrs. Penny & Co.'s store in the possession of an Assyrian peddler, who informed Deputy Flynn that he had purchased the watch from a colored man, who had also offered to sell him a pair of boots. The peddler positively identified Sanders, alias Banks, as the man from whom he bought the stolen watch.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always advance.

THE FOOT BALL GAME.

Contest Between A. C. L. and O. A. N. Teams—Score Four to Nothing in Favor of the O. A. N. Eleven — Large Crowd in Attendance.

The scene at the O. A. N. Athletic Park yesterday afternoon was a brilliant one and one blended well with the day —Thanksgiving. The weather was all that could be desired and old Sol smiled down from his lofty perch as if he desired to make all feel happy. The grand stand was filled with beautiful women and nearly all of the fair sex waved either the orange and black of the A. C. L. or the red and blue of the O. A. N. The ropes and side lines were crowded with enthusiastic rooters who seemed to be proud of the lungs nature had bestowed upon them and they yelled the yell of their favorites to their heart's content.

At least an hour before the game the crowd began to assemble, and by the time the whistle blew calling the teams to the fray between six and eight hundred people had passed through the gates. The crowd was pretty evenly divided as to sentiment, although we are inclined to think the O. A. N. had somewhat the better of it. The O. A. N. eleven were the first to appear on the field, but the Coast Line boys were not far behind them, and the crowd was not long in seeing that a pretty evenly matched pair they were, with the exception that the O. A. N. boys seemed to be the best conditioned. While during the course of the game there were some few hard licks made in the scrimmages, still the contest was entirely free from that most disagreeable feature known as slugging, and was a good exhibition of this manly sport which is becoming more popular every year. Mr. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr. 3rd, acted as referee, a position which he has filled many times to the entire satisfaction of all, and Messrs. Jno. Gore and R. H. Gwaltney umpired, Mr. Gore taking the first half and Mr. Gwaltney the second. Mr. Seymour Merrill acted as linesman. The A. C. L. boys won the toss and chose the east goal and the teams lined up as follows:

A. C. L.	POSITIONS.	O. A. N.
Vick	R. E.	Brown
Williams	R. T.	Lewis
Taylor (W. I.)	R. G.	Fulford
Holland	C.	Gordon
Wenberg	L. G.	Parker
Wannamaker	L. T.	Latham
Southerland (Leon)	L. E.	Brown
Peschau	Q. B.	James
Sinclair (capt.)	R. H. B.	Wooten
Haywood	L. H. B.	Hatch (capt.)
Taylor (C. E.)	F. B.	Southerland (L.)

About 3.30 the referee blew his whistle and the O. A. N. kicked off, the ball being caught by Peschau. In the next scrimmage the ball got loose and was got ten by Hatch and carried over the goal line. A try at goal was missed by Southerland. The A. C. L. notified Mr. Bellamy they entered a protest as the whistle was blown, but he failed to see it in that light and granted the O. A. N. their four points. The ball was then kicked off by Taylor of the A. C. L., caught by Southerland who was immediately downed and during the balance of the first half the ball remained in the O. A. N. territory, being tossed back and forth as the whims of five yards demanded.

In the second half Taylor again kicked off for A. C. L. and caught by Southerland who froze onto same. The O. A. N. then by succession of pretty line plays by Wooten and Southerland and some end runs by Hatch and Wooten succeeded in advancing the ball until captured by Southerland of the A. C. L. team. Considerable off side play by the O. A. N eleven caused the umpire to grant the A. C. L. boys ten yards of territory and the ball continued on the move for the balance of the second half first, one team holding it and then the other, until the call of time.

The game was a pretty exhibition of the sport and the fact that only through a fluke the score was made, shows conclusively that the teams were evenly matched except that the O. A. N. boys were better conditioned.

The most interesting features of the game were the pretty tackling of Taylor, of the A. C. L team; the hard playing under adverse circumstances, of Haywood and Sinclair; the line bucking of Wooten and the all-round playing of Hatch and Southerland.

If the public could always feel satisfied that they would see as clean an exhibition as that of yesterday larger grand stands would soon be necessary and a run on the ribbon counters would certainly ensue.

Wise in Their Generation.

It is said that the receivers of the Eagle and Phenix mills, at Columbus, Ga., are taking advantage of the present low price of cotton to buy a supply for the mills to last until next fall. Recently the receivers borrowed money with which to buy 4,000 bales and petitioned the Federal Court for permission to make arrangements to get 7,000 bales more. Saturday an order signed by Judges Newman and Pardee was received confirming the action of the receivers and authorizing the borrowing of more money with which to buy cotton. The mills now consume between 1,800, and 1,400 bales of cotton per month.

Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's Show.

This attraction is repeating its former successes in Wilmington. This fact was demonstrated by the large crowds which attended its performances yesterday. At the matinee a large audience was in attendance and at the night performance the tent was crowded to its utmost capacity. The usual programme of merit was present, and gave entire satisfaction. A change of programme will be given each night, and to any and all who desire an evening of fun and amusement Dr. Blue Mountain's Pavilion is the place to get it. The Doctor's office tent is open daily to all who desire to purchase his medicines. Free consultations. Treatment for all ailments. †

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

COMPETITIVE SHOOTING.

WILMINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY AND NAVAL RESERVES.

Several Interesting Events—The Scores and the Prize Winners—Refreshments—Exhibition Drill in the Afternoon.

Thanksgiving Day passed off quietly in the city, although the sports were afforded ample pastime at Hilton, the O. A. N. Athletic Park and the Opera House. The woods were full of huntsmen all day and many were the birds, squirrels and the like bagged, while a goodly number of lovers of the reel and rod reported most flattering success.

Special religious services were held in most all the churches and were well attended.

Especially enjoyable was the day to the Wilmington Light Infantry. At 9 o'clock in the morning the members of the company assembled at their armory, clad in their natty fatigue uniforms with leggins. From the armory the company went to Hilton, where a pleasant prearranged programme was carried out.

The competitive shoot between two picked teams, of five men each, from the ranks of the Light Infantry and the Naval Reserves was first, and resulted in victory for the W. L. I. boys by twenty-six points, while the best individual score was made by Mr. W. A. Willson, Jr., of the W. L. I. The winning team was presented with a handsome gold-lined silver cup, and Mr. Willson, as a trophy of his victory, was presented with ten dollars in gold. The score in this contest, each man being allowed ten shots at the target, with the possibility of making five points a shot, was as follows:

LIGHT INFANTRY.

Windley	5	4	3	4	5	4	4	5	4	5—43
Boatwright	0	5	3	4	5	0	4	5	0	0—26
Gillican	3	4	4	3	5	4	4	4	5	4—40
Willard	4	3	0	5	5	5	4	3	5	5—39
Willson	4	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	4—46
Total										—195

NAVAL RESERVES.

Barber	5	5	0	0	5	5	0	5	5	5—35
Fulcher	0	0	0	4	4	5	5	5	4	4—27
McKoy	5	3	5	0	4	0	5	5	4	4—35
Parker	5	4	0	5	5	3	5	4	3	5—39
Roberts	0	4	5	3	5	4	5	5	3	0—34
Total										—170

Next a competitive shoot between the active members of the Light Infantry and the members of the reserve corps of the same company was held, and the following score resulted, viz:

RESERVE CORPS.

Col. W. L. DeRosset	4	2	2	0	4	2	12			
Capt. Henry Savage	3	0	3	0	0	5	5			
Capt. D. T. Cronly	0	5	0	3	2	0	7			
Capt. J. C. Morrison	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Alex. Adrian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
R. H Berry	4	3	5	0	4	6	16			
L. P. Thomas	0	3	3	0	3	8	8			
P. Heinsberger, Jr.	4	0	4	0	5	6	18			
E Schulken	2	0	0	0	0	2	2			
J. F Maunder	3	0	0	0	0	3	3			
J B Cooper	5	4	4	3	5	21				
R. C. Sloan	0	0	3	0	3	6	6			
L. Sternberger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
W. A. Willson, Jr.	3	5	4	3	4	19				
C. H. Robinson Jr.	0	0	5	5	0	10				
J. D. Bellamy, Jr., 2nd	4	3	3	5	0	15				

ACTIVE MEMBERS.

Capt. Don MacRae	3	3	5	5	0	15				
Lieut. R. H. Cowan	0	0	0	3	3	6				
Sergt. Cardwell	0	0	3	3	4	8				
Sergt. Love	0	0	0	3	0	3				
Corporal James (J. C.)	3	0	0	0	0	3				
Corporal Gillican	0	5	5	4	3	17				
Davis	4	0	3	0	0	6				
Angel	0	3	0	0	0	3				
Boatwright	2	4	3	3	5	17				
Davis, (Quamp McD.)	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Forshee	2	3	3	5	5	18				
Gore	5	0	5	5	4	19				
Hooper	0	4	0	0	0	4				
James, (G. P.)	5	4	4	3	3	19				
Latham	3	4	5	4	3	18				
Moore	3	4	0	0	4	11				
Nash	4	4	4	5	4	21				
Reilly	0	2	0	3	2	7				
Springer	3	5	0	3	4	15				
Taylor	4	0	5	0	3	12				
Wiggins	5	5	0	0	5	15				
Willard	4	4	5	4	4	21				
Wright	0	2	0	0	0	2				
Windley	5	5	4	5	5	24				

The contest was won by the active members, who made a total of 984 points out of a possible 600 points, and made an average of 11 5 6 to the man, while the reserve corps only made 187 points out of a possible 400 points, and with an average of 8 9-16 to a man.

The prizes awarded in this shoot were put up by the reserve corps. Private Windley was presented with the first prize, and for the second prize Privates Nash, Willard and Cooper tied for ownership, and when the tie was shot off Private Willard came out victorious.

The following was the score:

Nash	4	0	4	3	4—15
Willard	0	4	5	5	5—19
Cooper	5	5	3	0	4—17

Maj. W. A. Johnson acted as judge of the different shoots, and Col. W. L. DeRosset and Capt. Henry Savage as scorers.

While at Hilton the active members of the W. L. I. were the guests of the reserve corps, and right royally were the entertained. A box car shifted on a side track of the Atlantic Coast Line railroad served as a refreshment booth, and from here it was that things decidedly choice and palatable were obtained.

EXHIBITION DRILL.

Yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock the Light Infantry re-assembled at their armory, and under command of Captain Don McRae and First Lieutenant C. H. White and Second Lieutenant R. H. Cowan, from thence marched to the O. A. N. Athletic Park, corner of Ninth and Orange streets, and there in the presence of a large number of people gave an exhibition of skillful drilling just previous to the battle on the gridiron by the O. A. N. and Atlantic Coast Line elevens. Later in the afternoon the company drilled in extended order, and a rare and pretty sight it was. During this drill Mr. Robt. Wescott acted as bugler, and performed his task like a veteran, and like one who understood his business.

On account North Carolina State Baptist Association, Oxford, N. C., December 9th, the Seaboard Air Line will sell tickets to Oxford from Wilmington at rate of 9 10 for round trip. Tickets to be sold December 7th, 8th and 9th; final limit December 15, 1897.

ARNOLD WELLES PLAYERS.

Playing to Good Houses—Will Present "Only An American Girl" To-Night.

The audience that assembled at the Opera House last night to witness the fifth performance of the Arnold-Welles players, was a large one, and a most appreciative one; and it wasn't the recollection of the festive turkey of which they had partaken a few hours previous that made them so appreciative, but it was on account the true merit of the play and the fine ability displayed by the players. "Her One Mistake" was the piece presented, and theatre-goers that missed it made "one grand mistake."

The play possesses a good and holding dramatic plot, with enough pure comedy interspersed to amply satisfy. This comedy element was well supplied by Mr. Geo. W. Wright, as *Dennis*, and Mr. T. J. Hilliker, as *Ferdy Simpkins*, and the specialties of these two gentlemen pleased everybody, so much so that double encores were constantly in order. Mr. Harry Arnold played the role of *Norton Heath*, which was a decidedly difficult one, and one that if in its portrayal the slightest flaw is observed chances are against the success of the player, but Mr. Arnold mastered it well, and the audience never once, judging by the hearty applause, failed to realize it.

Miss Lula Espey, in the role of *Mable Heath*, did an excellent piece of acting; as, in fact, did the rest of the cast—Messrs. Griffin and Alger and Misses Hilliker and Glover. The specialties of these last two named young ladies were most enjoyable. Little Miss Jessie Huston, in her song and dance specialties, wins new laurels, which are certainly deserving, every night.

To-night the company presents "Only An American Girl," and every lady accompanied by a person holding a paid 30 cent ticket will be admitted free.

THE LATE C. F. W. HEINS.

Funeral Services at St. Paul's Lutheran Church—Knights of Pythias in Attendance.

The funeral of the late C. F. Will Heins, who died of consumption at 10.25 o'clock Tuesday night, was conducted yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, from the residence in Macumber's alley, thence to St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church. The church was crowded with sorrowing friends and acquaintances, and the funeral procession passed in through ranks of the members of Jefferson Lodge No. 61 Knights of Pythias, who, according to instructions, had assembled with representatives from other K. of P. lodges to witness the last rites over their late brother.

Rev. K. Boldt, the pastor, officiated, being assisted by Rev. Dr. G. D. Bernheim, who paid a brief tribute to the memory of the deceased. The Lord's Prayer was chanted by a choir consisting of Mrs. J. H. Rehder, Mrs. C. W. Polvogt, Mrs. A. Paipps, and Messrs. Charles Blomme and J. H. Rehder, with Miss Kate Stolter as organist. The choir also rendered the hymns "Just as I Am" and "Asleep in Jesus" Mr. C. F. W. Rehder sang a solo entitled "Over the Stars There is Rest," and as the choir sang "My Jesus, as Thou Wilt," the casket was borne to the hearse and the funeral cortege proceeded to Oakdale Cemetery, where the interment was made, the sympathy of many sorrowing hearts manifesting itself in beautiful floral offerings.

The pall-bearers were all members of the order of Knights of Pythias. They were: Honorary, Messrs. C. W. Polvogt and G. J. McMillan; active, Dr. J. H. Dosher and Messrs. E Schulken, Henry Haar, Ike Loftin, Will Rehder and H. E. Gibbons.

Balloon Ascension and Parachute Drop.

One of the daring events of yesterday, and yet a pleasing one, was the successful balloon ascension and parachute drop from a distance of about a mile and a half in the air, by Prof. Chas. A. Thompson, of Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's troupe. Yesterday two excellent performances, afternoon and evening, were given in the large canvas of Dr. Blue Mountain Joe on Front street between Church and Castle, and just after the first performance, as previously arranged, an enormous balloon was inflated, and then turned loose to go soaring high up in the air carrying with it Prof. Thompson, who sat on a trapeze attached to the parachute, several feet under the large canvas monster, and waved good-bye. When about a mile and a half in the air, Prof. Thompson cut the parachute loose, and a second later it opened and gently landed the Professor on terra firma across the river nearly opposite the foot of Grace street. The balloon landed also across the river, but a good distance from where Prof. Thompson landed, smiling and unhurt. Dr. Blue Mountain Joe proposes to give several more balloon ascensions before he leaves, and one will be given at night and the balloon will be illuminated.

THE NAVAL RESERVES.

[*Southport Standard*]

Two preliminary meetings have been held the past week by the young men here prospective of organizing a division of Naval Reserves.

Quite an interest is taken and nearly enough men have enlisted to perfect an organization, which will probably be done to-night.

Commander Morton has made very kind offers to assist the proposed division in every possible way, which in time may mean a good deal.

It is hoped and urged that enough men will join with the earnest purpose to make this a most efficient division, as no better material nor advantages can be found elsewhere in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Printer Wanted.

A steady and intelligent young printer who wishes to complete his trade may secure a position as Two-Thirder by applying at the
no 26 3t STAR OFFICE.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8 00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING QUALIFIED as Administrator of the estate of W. E. Faison, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said decedent to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment on or before the 20th day of October, 1898, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. J. E. MATTHEWS,
oc 29 6w fr Administrator.

OPERA HOUSE.

TO-NIGHT
ARNOLD-WELLES PLAYERS
Will present the great success,
"Only An American Girl."
Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.
Every lady accompanied by a person holding a paid thirty cents ticket will be admitted free. no 26 1t

OPERA HOUSE,
Monday Evening, Nov. 29, 1897.
The eminent actor
Lewis Morrison,
will appear in his original creation, "Mephisto," as played by him over 3,000 times in the scenic and electrical success,
FAUST.
no 26 3t

FOR RENT.

STORE ON MARKET BETWEEN Front and Water.
Store on South Water street, between Market and Dock.
Store on North Water street between Princess and Chesnut.
Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
no 10 tf Real Estate Agent.

THANKSGIVING BELLS

Will soon be ringing now. So will the turkeys necks be wringing! We will have in stock the best that is wringing! We never yet have come in a tough turkey or chicken on our patrons! Give us the be les to dinner and we'll ring in the turkey! Choice, juicy fat and dumpling, for which you will all return thanks to us.
I. B. RHODES,
no 23 tf Front Street Market.

SOLAR TIP MUNDELL School Shoes FOR MUNDELL CHILDREN

GET ALL KINDS, STYLES AND SIZES OF the above popular School Shoes of us. Prices are uniform—6 to 8 all kinds, Boot and Lace, at $1.00; 8½-11 at $1.25, and 11½-2 at $1.50. We have ordered a full line of the splendid "DUCHESNOFER" CINCINNATI LADIES' SHOES, which we expect to arrive within 10 or 12 days, of which we will say more later.
Our line of Gentlemen's Shoes are also strong and rapid sellers and good wearers.
The presents are waiting for you.
We cordially invite you to wear Our Shoes.
Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
nov 21 tf H. C. Evans' old stand.

A Complete and Varied
STOCK OF
Drugs, Druggists' Sundries,
CHEMICALS,
Proprietary Medicines,
Seeds for the Season, Etc., Etc.
ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
no 14 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 27th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 5.40 p. m.
R. OSCAR GRANT,
sep 25 t Superintendent.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EASY SIGN MARKERS.
Metal Body Rubber Type,
Solid Rubber Type,
LINEN MARKERS,
TIME STAMPS,
SEVEN YEAR DATERS,
AIR CUSHION BAND DATERS,
STAMP PADS, all colors;
INDELIBLE INK.
Anything you want in the Stamp line.
Wilmington Stamp Works,
Wilmington, N. C.
Bell Phone 240.
We have a small Printing Press for sale at half price. no 17 tf

Vollers & Hashagen,
Distributors of Provisions.
Manufacturers' Agents.
We sell direct from packer to grocerymen at first cost. Hence we are the people.
WE SELL
SALTED MEATS, SMOKED MEATS, "SHIELD" BRAND LEAF LARD, CANNED MEATS.
WE SELL
Powell Smith & Co.'s "RENOWN" CIGARS, CUBAN BLOSSOMS, SMOKETTE, TOPICAL TWIST HEAD.
These Cigars Are Notoriously Good—Try 'em once.
Warehouse and office foot of Nutt street, A. C. Line trackage.
No expense in handling goods.
nov 14 tf

We Started Out
By selling Ice to the trade only, but we cannot refuse to respect the
WISHES OF THE PUBLIC.
We have decided therefore to furnish
Pure Crystal Ice,
delivered AT YOUR DOOR at the rate of 40 cents per hundred pounds in lots of 5 pounds and upward.
We can make it to your advantage to give us a share of your trade.
Respectfully,
The Wilmington Brewing Association.
Get Ice tickets from the wagon or at its factory, corner of Dock and Water streets. no 17 tf

Look Here!
Geese, Turkeys, Chickens,
Pretzels, Saratoga Chips,
Poultry Seasoning. Cut price on
FINE NORTON YAM POTATOES.
Just received a fine lot Mountain Cabbages.
S. W. Sanders,
At the Unlucky Corner.
nov 17 tf

THANKSGIVING DAY,
Thursday,
We will close our Store at 10 o'clock A M.
Give us your orders Wednesday.
THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, Manager,
Bell Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
no 21 tf

Horses and Mules
25 Head of Horses.
25 Head of Mules.
Just received.
Call and examine. You will certainly find one to please you Don't buy until you have seen this fresh new lot of fine stock.
F. T. MILLS,
nov 25 tf 112 and 114 North Water St.

Oh, So Sweet.
10 Barrels Candy, 28 sticks to lb.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, Nov. 26, 1897

DOING IT UP BRIEFLY.

The New York *Sun* doesn't take much stock in the currency reform schemes which are now being prepared by the expert "financiers" and are attracting more or less attention throughout the country. It has, however, a scheme of its own for currency reform, if people are bound to have it, which it claims lays over all the schemes of the experts. It at least has the merit of point and brevity, and is as follows:

"The only currency measure which the Administration is likely to press upon Congress at its coming session, is one repealing the act of May 31, 1878, which authorizes the reissue of the old legal tender notes, whether they come into the Treasury by redemption or otherwise; separating the gold redemption reserve from the other funds in the Treasury, and permitting the reissue of demand notes only against gold deposited for their future redemption. It is doubtful whether a measure of this kind can be passed, but, if it can be, it will place the issue department of the Treasury in a position similar to that of the issue department of the Bank of England, and deprive the enemies of the government paper money of all pretext for denouncing it as an 'endless chain' for depleting the Treasury of its gold. Under it, as soon as any considerable amount of government notes was sent in for redemption, and the gold drawn out for them was shipped abroad, the currency would be contracted, interest rates would rise, and the overflow of gold would be followed by its return to this country.

"It is desirable, however, that to secure to the Treasury the full benefit of this reform the currency issued by the national banks should be retired as fast as possible consistent with the vested rights of the banks, and its place supplied with Government notes. Fortunately, the charters of a majority of the banks will expire in the course of the next ten years, and those of nearly all of them in five years thereafter. These charters should not be renewed, and the banks should be required to reincorporate themselves under the laws of their respective States, relinquishing completely the privilege of issuing currency, which ought never to have been granted them. With bank currency out of the way, that of the Government would have the field to itself, and might be augmented without risk to meet every requirement in business.

"Provision should also be made for supplying the needs of the Government, in case of a deficient revenue, by giving the Secretary of the Treasury authority to borrow money on short-dated obligations. At present the only way for him to meet a deficiency is by availing himself of the doubtful powers conferred upon him by the Resumption act of 1875, and selling bonds under the pretext of providing gold for redemption purposes. This is a subterfuge to which no Government should be compelled to resort, and the employment of it by the Cleveland Administration will ever be a blot upon its record.

"With the adequate protection of the gold reserve held for the redemption of the Government notes, with the retirement of bank currency in every form, and with provision for a straightforward and honest borrowing of money to meet temporary revenue deficiencies, no further measures affecting the currency will be necessary for years to come. Future emergencies can be met as they arise, and the complicated currency reform schemes suggested from so many quarters may be laid aside as theoretical curiosities of no practical value."

There was a time when an article like this would not be considered very remarkable in the *Sun*, which championed the cause of the candidate of the Greenback candidate for the Presidency, but as the *Sun* is now a Republican paper this article is somewhat remarkable, for simmered down it means that Government notes and coin are to be the money of the country. The *Sun* doesn't believe in retiring the greenbacks, which it would make permanent, and to make them permanent and leave the Government without any opposition it would wipe out the national banks. We remarked a day or two ago, in commenting upon Postmaster General Gary's postal savings banks scheme, that it was really a Populistic measure, and that we might later on expect to see the Republican party stealing more from the Populists, and here we have the great New York luminary which shines for the Republican party boldly incorporating in its scheme of currency reform two of the pet contentions of the Populist party, one the advocacy of making the greenbacks permanent, the other the wiping out of the national banks as soon as that can be done without infringing upon their vested charter rights.

The only material difference between the *Sun's* scheme and the Populist demands is that the *Sun* would distribute the money of the country, notes and coin, but especially the notes, through banks organized under State laws, while the Populists would do it from the Treasury direct or through the agency of sub-Treasuries. The idea or principle is the same in both, the only difference being in the agencies employed for putting the money into circulation. But as there is little probability of the *Sun's* scheme getting before Congress in any shape it is rather premature to discuss it, especially as the conditions upon which is based, and without which it could not materialize, are not in the least likely to occur.

There is very little probability of Congress repealing the act of 1878, which didn't simply "authorize," as the *Sun* says, the re-issuing of the greenbacks when they came into the Treasury, but made the issuing of them obligatory, this being done to prevent the contraction of the currency which was resulting from the cancellation of the greenbacks redeemed. The same reasons that were advanced to secure the passage of the act requiring their re issue will be advanced to prevent its repeal, for the people are not going to see these greenbacks locked up until they are provided with banks which can issue notes that will take their place, notes not based upon interest bearing gold bonds, such as the currency reformers now propose to give us. The *Sun* admits that the contraction of the currency which would follow the locking up of the greenbacks would cause an advance in interest rates which would bring back the gold which goes abroad, and thus we would have a see saw business going on all the time, interest rates going up and down as the gold went out or came in. There might, as the *Sun* says, be an end, so to speak, of the "endless chain," and a beginning of see-saw business what would be about as bad of and worse. But we give the *Sun's* scheme not so much to discuss it as to show how the Republican lights are poaching on the Populist preserves.

MINOR MENTION.

Secretary of the Interior, Bliss, reports that in view of the names that have been and will be added to the pension rolls about $7,000,000 more than the appropriation of the past year will be necessary. But there is nothing more misleading or further from the mark than pension estimates, the expenditures for which continue to grow right along with utter contempt of estimates. The following, which we clip from the New York *World*, will give some idea of how this monstrosity has grown and kept growing:

"The last year of Cleveland's first term the pension appropriation was. $ 89,000,000
Harrison's first year..... 106,500 000
Harrison's second year... 118,500,000
Harrison's third year.... 141,000 000
Harrison's fourth year... 158,000,000
Increase under the last Republican Administration 69,000,000

"The net decrease in Cleveland's second term was $18,250,000. There was a slight increase in the last fiscal year, all of it in the four months of the inauguration of McKinley.

"The number now on the pension roll is 976,014, and even Mr. Bliss owns up to a certain increase of about 100 000! He takes the rosy view that this addition will add only $7,000 000 to the annual appropriation. But a conservative calculation shows that the increase will be nearer $20 000,000

"Unless there is an entire change of policy the pension appropriation for Mr. McKinley's last year will be about $160,000 000

"In 1866 the pensions appropriation was $13 500 000; in 1876 $28,350,000; in 1886, $64 500 000; in 1896, $138 350,000. That is, it has more than doubled in each decade since the close of the war.

"A million pensioners—one in every seventy of our population! And all the people taxed at least $15 apiece by the protected trusts and monopolies in order to raise the money by tariffs to pay these pensioners!

"And we dream of prosperity!"

But this isn't altogether so bad for the *World's* side of the line as it seems to think, for while it pays taxes to make up pension appropriations that money stays there and goes into circulation there, but it is a swinger on the South which pays its proportional part of the taxes to pay pensions, about one third, and does not get back a fifth part of what it pays. As the large majority of the pension beneficiaries are in the North and West it is there the money goes, and some of those States get back three dollars for the one they pay out. This is the reason why there are so few statesmen from the other side of the line who care to tackle this abuse, although some of the newspapers do, for their constituents are benefitted by it, and anything they benefit by is, in the estimation of the statesmen, all right, and a very good thing to let alone.

* * *

In an interview with Senator Teller, in Washington, Wednesday, he expressed the opinion that President McKinley would not in his message take any radical departure or recommend that Congress take any definite steps as to Cuba. This seems to be the opinion of a good many others who are in a position to form opinions. About all the dispatches we have had from Washington in reference to this question since the recall of Weyler and the arrival of his successor, Blanco, represent Mr. McKinley and Mr. Sherman as quite well satisfied with the course of Spain and with Blanco's policy as outlined by his proclamations and others. Mr. Sherman went so far as to speak in high commendation of Blanco's performances, all of which shows that the administration is disposed to procrastinate and let the war in Cuba drag on until the Cubans drive the Spaniards out or the Spaniards crush the Cubans or bribe their leaders into submission, as they are now trying to do. If anything be done, more than has been done, it will be because popular sentiment will force it, but it is pretty certain that Mr. McKinley and those co-operating with him in the administration will continue to pursue Mr. Cleveland's policy of saying nothing and doing nothing that might give offence to Spain. But Congress, which is nearer to the people than Mr. McKinley, should put an end to this discreditable policy of inaction and recognize Cuban belligerency at once. This would not be a just cause of offence to Spain, it would be doing tardy justice to those heroic strugglers for freedom, and it would end the war inside of six months, for then the Cubans could get all the assistance and all the arms and munitions of war they need. A recognition of belligerency would be substantially a recognition of independence.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Elizabeth City *Carolinian*: We see it stated that the Pasquotank Lumber Company propose to build a six mile railroad from the Dismal Swamp Canal near South Mills to the Pasquotank river, in order to enable them to get their lumber from the swamp to their mills here with greater facility.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mr. Sam H. Hobbs, a progressive farmer of Halls, recently sold the product of one acre of tobacco at the Goldsboro warehouse. The yield was 1,440 pounds, which sold at an averags of about 16 cents, bringing $218.36. Mr. Hobbs says his net profit, counting every expense, labor, time and cultivation, on the acre's crop is $168.36 cents.

— Concord *Standard*: A good many of our readers will remember the crow belonging to Mr. R. P. Lentz, on Depot street, of which something has been said in the *Standard* in regard to its talking. But Jim Crow is dead. None of our people have ever seen a crow that could come so near talking as this one. You could well understand it when it would say "Hello! Jim!" and a few other words, though none so plain as the ones mentioned.

— Rocky Mount *Motor*: Intensive strawberry raising is being tried by one of our citizens. From five rows sixty feet long (132 plants) he expects to gather about 200 quarts the first year, or the second Spring. From a like number of plants Dr. A. B. Noble, of Edgecombe, sold sixty-five dollars worth in the Tarboro market either in '93 or '94. The land is sub soiled for three feet and after a year each plant has roots that would fill a peck measure.

— Washington *Progress*: On Sunday, the 14th, Mr. Ashely Ball, who resided in the country about four miles from the city, and a negro became involved in an altercation. Mr. Ball shot the negro twice and the negro beat Mr. Ball down with a rail. On Saturday night Mr. Ball died from the effects of the wounds, and the negro, who is in jail, is said to be in a dangerous condition. The negro was at the home of Mr. Ball when this occurred, and we have not been able to secure information as to who was to blame. Mr. Ball was a man about fifty years of age.

—Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: The 12-year old son of Mr. John Tyson, who lives three miles from town, on the old plank road was the victim of a very peculiar and probably fatal accident Tuesday afternoon. The boy, while hunting rabbits, stepped on a large cuckle burr bush when one of the dry burrs was thrown into his mouth and was then sucked by him into his windpipe. The boy was brought here to see a doctor yesterday morning but it was found that only an operation could relieve him, which has not been performed yet.

—— Just before day last Tuesday morning a young white man named Carver, a trusty at the State farm, appropriated a suit of clothes, the property of one of the guards, and arming himself with a gun and about twenty-five rounds of ammunition he took French leave of the farm. His absence was not noted for sometime, but finally the blood hound, recently purchased by Captain Reinhardt, the superintendent, was put on his track. The dog ran the trail unerringly, and it was only a matter of a short time after the pursuit commenced until Carver was again in custody. As an evidence of the desperate character of the man, we are informed that he shot at his pursuers when they came up with him. Carver is from High Point, and was sent to the penitentiary on a conviction for larceny.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— The coinage question will be taken out of politics when it is settled—and not before. The people will not turn it over to a monetary conveation of gold bugs to settle.—*Knoxville Tribune, Dem.*

The day on which there is no announcement of new discoveries of gold is a day when the wires are down The latest development is in Siberia, on the headwaters of the great Amur River. Out of a gulch two miles long $10,000,000 in gold and nuggets has been taken. This story out-Klondikes the Klondike.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— The Dingley tariff law continues to get in its fine work as a "revenue raiser." For the four months of the fiscal year which have passed the deficiency under the new law is more than $40,000,000, and it is said that treasury officals privately expresse a doubt that it will ever raise enough money to meet the expenses of the government.—*Savannah News, Dem*

—— One stock argument of the defenders of trusts is that nombinations of capital are just as legimate as combinations of labor, and who, is is asked, will question the efficacy of combination of labor? But a great many persons have, though the position of workingmam is such that they must unite to obtain fair play, and therefore, their combination are upheld both in law and by public opinion. The capitalist does not need any such additional powers as combination gives. If he obtain them he oppresses the public with high prices; and this is especially true when his industry is protected from foreign competition by a tariff wall.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—"What pretty illuminated cards!" exclaimed one woman. "That one with the motto 'Honesty is the best policy' is especially nice."

"Yes," replied the other, "I brought them from Europe, and I got them through, with a lot of other things, without paying a cent of duty."—*Washington Star.*

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Consumption, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle-worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents a bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

TWINKLINGS.

— Geraldine—"I wouldn't marry you if I lived to be 100 years old."

Gerald—"Well, you've got sixty years to change your mind."—*Truth.*

— Johnny—"Papa, what is a faction?"

Papa—"I is a term used to describe that section of the party to which you do not belong."—*Puck*

— First Mother—"Don't you find it a great relief to have the children at school again?"

Second Mother—"Well, it would be if they didn't learn so many new questions to ask."—*Tit Bits.*

— Literary Friendship: "Madge and I are entirely congenial."

"On any special ground?"

"Yes; she hasn't read any of the books that I haven't read."—*Chicago Record.*

— "Yes, sir," said the inventor, "that armor plate will stand any test you may give it."

"I wonder," said the corporation attorney thoughtfully, "if it would stand the test of the courts."—*Puck*

— A Sudden Release—"Miss Kittish—dear Nellie, I am your slave." said young Mr. Dolley, in a sudden avowal of love.

"Consider yourself emancipated, Mr. Dolley," replied the young lady.—*Life*

— Magistrate—"What do you do during the week?"

Tramp—"Nothing."

Magistrate—"And on Sunday?"

Tramp—"Then I take a day off"—*Tit-Bits*

— "Just you wait until your father comes home," said the irate mother to the naughty youngster; he'll make you dance."

"Well," replied the precocious youth, "I suppose I'll see you at the ball."

— As He Understood It—"Benny," asked the Sunday school teacher, "what is your idea of a hypocrite?'

"A fellow that pretends to think another fellow's bike is better than his," replied Benny.—*Judge.*

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

November 28, Sunday 1st in Advent, M P—Zion, Bunyan, Beaufort county.
E P—S Peter's, Washington.
November 29, Monday, E P—Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.
November 30, Tuesday, Communion—Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.
December 2, Thursday, E P—S Martin's, Hamilton.
December 3, Friday, Communion—S Martin's, Hamilton.
December 5 Sunday second in Advent, M P—S Mary's, Gatesville.
December 5, Sunday 2d in Advent, E P—S Peter's, Gates county.
December 8, Wednesday, E P—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.
December 9, Thursday, Communion—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.
December 9 Thursday, E P—S John's, Winton.
December 10, Friday, Communion—S John's, Winton.
December 12, Sunday 3d in Advent, M P—Grace, Woodville.
December 13, Sunday 3d in Advent, E P—S Mark's, Roxobel.
December 16 Thursday, E P—S Thomas, Windsor.
December 17, Friday, Communion—S Thomas, Windsor.
December 19, Sunday 4th in Advent—Holy Innocents, Avoca.
December 25, Saturday, Christmas, M P—Advent, Williamston.
December 26, Sunday after Christmas—Grace, Plymouth.
Holy Communion at all morning services.
The children catechised whenever practicable.
The Vestries will please be prepared to meet the Bishop.
Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions. †

HOURS WERE SHORTER.

The Discontented Laboring Man Gives His Incontrovertible Reasons.

"Have you anything to do?" asked the attache of the freight yard of the man who had lounged in with his hands in his pockets.

"No."

"Want anything to do?"

"No, but I want the money, and I suppose I'll have to do something to get that."

"You're a workingman, aren't you?"

"Yes."

"Well, don't you think it would be a good idea for you to step around and do something without thinking so much about money, just for the sake of advertising your business? People might get the impression that you're a millionaire and be afraid to apply for your services."

"Look here, mister. I don't want any advice. I'm just beginning to get straightened out from the last advice I took. I've been getting the worst of it for years simply because I listened respectfully and took things for granted. I don't say that I've been swindled by capitalists, but I do say that it was underhanded to take advantage of my carelessness the way they did."

"Where did you come from?"

"Chicago."

"Didn't they pay your wages there?"

"Yes. They paid my wages all right. They did not want to excite any suspicion, so they gave all the men their money every salary day. That was simply to keep them from suspecting anything."

"Were you overworked?"

"No. I didn't have any more to do than I could attend to with comfort, but it's the principle of the thing that I am thinking about. I don't like to be deceived. I wouldn't have known anything about it if a friend of mine who was out on a strike hadn't come and explained it to me."

"What was it he told you?"

"He exposed the way I had been misled, with a whole lot of others. If I had my way, there'd be a boycott declared against the newspapers for starting the cry, 'Go west, young man!' There isn't anybody that can convince me it wasn't a put up job to get something for nothing. The friend of mine who is out on a strike sat down and figured it out and showed me that when it's noon in Washington it's only 11 o'clock in the morning at Chicago. I ain't one of the dillydallying kind. I didn't have any words, but soon as I found that out I went to the boss, got the pay that was coming to me and came straight to Washington, where quitting time comes exactly one hour sooner every day."—Washington Star.

Care of Matting.

Some people entertain the pleasing delusion that it is unnecessary to take up matting except at very long intervals, perhaps not till worn out. Mattings are not sufficiently closely woven, even the best quality, not to admit the dust. In fact, they are perfect sieves, and to lay a carpet directly over both matting and dust is—well, to say the least, not nice and must be unhealthful. Mattings need not be sewed together to fit, but laid down in single breadth and length of the room. There are tacks with double points to hold selvages together. Besides this method possesses two distinct advantages—a worn breadth can be easily substituted for another by shifting, and they are less cumbersome to clean and roll up before putting away at the end of the season.

The Window Curtain.

There are divers ways of arranging window curtains, and no one way seems more correct than another, it is so largely a matter of taste. Most women tie back their window curtains about half way down the sash. This allows very little light to penetrate the room from without. They are quite as pretty and far pleasanter in the result if the tying takes place about one quarter of the way from the top. This preserves the screening effect and does not keep out all the sunlight.

Medical men say rheumatism is the forerunner of heart disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures rheumatism by its action on the blood. †

WHERE THEY GOT IT.

ORIGIN OF THE GREAT WEALTH OF SOME NEW YORKERS.

The Ancestors of Some of the Four Hundred Were Very Humble Citizens—Some of Gotham's Society Leaders Sprang From Very Sturdy Stock.

John Jacob Astor, the founder of the Astor family, was a peddler of musical instruments.

Commodore Vanderbilt, three generations back, began life as a small farmer on Staten Island. He was also a ferryman and clam digger.

Jay Gould, father of George Gould and of the Countess Castellane, first appeared in New York as a seller of rat traps. He did not make a success of this, so he turned land surveyor.

The distinguished Hoffman family, which has given one governor to New York state and has mingled its blood with many of the leading families in New York society, was settled in trade in New York over a century ago as dealers in groceries.

The founder of the Mills family, comparatively new in New York society, is Darius O. Mills, the present owner of the Mills building and the father of Mrs. Whitelaw Reid and of Ogden Mills. Mr. Mills began life selling household goods from place to place in the interior of New York state.

Mrs. Bradley Martin's father was a cooper in New York city who devoted his life to making barrel staves, kegs for beer and hogsheads for tobacco. The cooper's name was Isaac Sherman, and his granddaughter is now the Countess of Craven.

Governor Levi P. Morton began his commercial life as a tailor at Hanover, N. H., where he manufactured clothes for the Dartmouth college students. Hanover is but a small town, not having even a railroad station, and Dartmouth college gives it the only social life it possesses. Governor Morton was the leading merchant of the place. There are people in New York today who claim to possess clothes made by him during these early days. He soon left Hanover and went into the dry goods business. From this he realized a fortune, and then he went into finance, founding the banking institution of which he is now the head. Besides being governor of New York he has been minister to France and vice president of the United States.

A Washington market butcher accumulated the fortune that made Mr. Fred Gebhard possible as a conspicuous figure in New York society. The original Gebhard sold butter and cheese as well as pork chops and spare ribs, and among his customers were many swells. Mrs. Frederick Neilson also inherited some of this wealth.

The great Waterbury cordage trust, the conception of that brilliant financier, James M. Waterbury, originated over in Williamsburg, where the original Waterbury started a ropewalk with a small boy to help him, but with plenty of energy and ambition. He made rope for the ships that came to New York in the early days of the century, and they were handmade, of fine hemp, unlike the machine made ropes of the present day. The ropewalk, which became more and more prosperous with advancing years, was handed down from generation to generation, realizing millions of dollars for the Waterburys.

The earliest member of the Post family of whom there is any record was Jothan Post, who conducted a butcher shop. Butcher Post sold tripe, pork and choice cuts of beef to the New York swells of a century ago, and he delivered his own meats at their houses. He lived up stairs over his butcher shop, and history records that he was one of the first men every morning to open his shop for business in the city. He lived to a good old age and left numerous descendants, who have intermarried with other distinguished families.

Peter Cooper, whom many residents of New York remember to have seen riding about the city in a queer old buggy, wearing big steel spectacles and whiskers under his chin and having an air of great benevolence, founded the fortunes of the Cooper family. In early life he went into the glue business, and the industry he founded is still carried on, although its odoriferous product is now described as "gelatin," Abram S. Hewitt became tutor in the family and married Miss Cooper. Both he and Edward Cooper, son of Peter Cooper, have been mayors of New York. Peter Cooper, however, was the most distinguished member of the family, and his public benefactions will make him long remembered.

There is no record of the Sloanes in the early days of New York's history, but no list of the families prominent in society at the present day would be complete without a reference to them. The Sloanes inherited a fine carpet business, which was built up by an ancestor who was as good a judge of brussels or axminster as any in the city in his day. This institution they have broadened and extended. W. D. Sloane married a daughter of William H. Vanderbilt and is the father of an interesting family.

When Miss Fannie Work of this city married the brother of Lord Fermoy, she hyphenated the name and called herself Mrs. Burke-Roche, though there is no such name in the peerage. Her husband's name is J. B. B. Roche. Her sister is Mrs. Cooper-Hewitt, who also hyphenated her name without apparent cause. Their father is Mr. Frank Work, as genial a gentleman as ever set foot in the Stock Exchange. He began life in this city as a dry goods clerk, and he was a good one too. His love of horseflesh led to an acquaintance with Commodore Vanderbilt, who took a fancy to him, persuaded him to go into Wall street and promised to give him his brokerage business. Mr. Work did so and became a millionaire banker and one of the most popular men in Wall street, from which he retired from active business years ago.—New York Journal.

Ease and grace are things greatly to be desired and supposed to be given only to the favorites of the gods. It is nevertheless possible to acquire them by artificial means. "A good way," says one city belle, "is to proceed to study pictures and great actresses on the stage and try to imitate them."

When food scorches in the kettle, the latter seems ruined beyond redemption, but a possible remedy is to take the kettle at once from the fire and set it in a pan of cold water. This treatment, oddly enough, will nine times out of ten remove the burned taste entirely.

The Greatest Discovery Yet.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a sure cure for Coughs Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A CITY OF THE DEAD.

PERE LA CHAISE, THE GREAT AND BEAUTIFUL CEMETERY OF PARIS.

It Contains 3,120 Mausoleums and Monuments—The Last Resting Place of Many Whose Names Live In History—A Battlefield In the Days of the Commune.

Pere la Chaise, so called after Louis XIV's confessor, who had his residence on the hill long ago, covers 106 1-2 acres and is laid out, like a miniature city, in nearly 150 streets or avenues and little paths. Bordering these are 96,000 mausoleums and monuments of every description, from the most magnificent tombs to the most unpretending urns. Each little house has its family name above the door, and few are ever without some fresh tokens of loving remembrance.

The French may not be a deeply religious nation, but they certainly do not lack personal affection and respect, and this is strikingly shown in their devotion to the memory of their dead. Ornamental wreaths made of beads or tin, black, white and colored, many of them with appropriate mottoes, were piled or hung upon the monuments.

Entering one of the main streets and walking up the hill, we were soon in a labyrinth of tombs. Inside of one little house, which had a glass door, there was a shelf built of marble, upon which stood a framed photograph of a man. On each side were vases filled with white lilacs, and underneath was stretched a white ribbon, and letters in gold upon it told that this was an offering from his sorrowful schoolmates. Three columns rising from one pedestal and resembling some fragment of a Roman ruin stood to commemorate three brothers who had wished to be laid together. Many monuments were like obelisks or in other Egyptian forms, showing the influence upon the fashion of the time of Napoleon's eastern campaign. One large column with a broken shaft stood alone in an open space upon a raised platform and attracted our attention because of the great number of wreaths and flowers piled high upon it. This was a monument to those whose burial places were unknown, whose deaths were shrouded in mystery, and whose mourners come here to pray and weep. As we looked a poor woman with a child by one hand added her little spray of chrysanthemums to the gay but pathetic heap. Soon familiar and world famous names began to claim our interest. Here lay Moliere and further on Alfred de Musset, the great poets, Chopin's last resting place marked by a beautiful figure. Lafontaine, with a little fox appropriately crowning his sepulcher—for who can mention him without thinking of the sly puss that got the crow's dinner?—Balzac, the novelist; Cherubini, the composer, and many other famous painters, authors and musicians. Then the brave men who fought for France—Marshal Ney, Napoleon's right hand man, who lies in a little inclosed lot filled with shrubs and flowers, but with no monument, for when he died his enemies were in power and would allow none to be erected, and now its absence and the simple grave speak more eloquently than could the finest tomb.

Near by lies poor Villeneuve, who lost at Trafalgar and in consequence of Napoleon's displeasure received such a harsh repulse when he returned to Paris that he ran a needle through his broken heart. Just across the way from him is Parmentier, the agriculturist. He was the man who with the utmost difficulty convinced the dainty French that the potato was worth cultivating and eating. They say that Marie Antoinette helped him to attain this end by wearing potato blossoms with her beautiful ball gowns. However true this may be, certain it is that the vegetable is planted every year around the good man's tomb. There is one tomb which every one is sure to visit at Pere la Chaise, and this is the grave of Abelard and Heloise, the grave that has been the subject of so many songs and verses, and where lovers come to plight their vows and pledge their faithfulness. Very romantic it must be, too, on a moonlight evening, with the pale rays falling on the stone figures lying peacefully side by side, with folded hands, under the canopy of early Gothic style, with queer gargoyles at each corner. The story of the lovers is well known. They had many trials and tribulations, but at last they rest together, according to Heloise's last wish that she might be reunited to her idol. Through the tombs and trees we went higher and higher, until we came out upon a wide terrace and Paris burst upon our view. Paris, sparkling in the sunlight, spread before us in a glittering panorama, an immense expanse of white buildings with domes, towers, spires and bridges, and the Eiffel tower rising like a gaunt skeleton amid the feast of beautiful architecture. No wonder that the mutineers of the commune appreciated the fine advantages of position afforded by Pere la Chaise. Here they intrenched themselves and transformed the quiet cemetery into a noisy camp. Here they met the fire from the government positions, until finally they were overpowered by troops which scaled the heights, and the terrible slaughter took place when thousands of the communists fell among the sepulchers. Some poor wretches tried to hide in the tombs, and the merciless soldiers closed them up fast, so that to this day skeletons of their victims are found in their ghastly prisons.—Paris Cor. New York Observer.

AN OLD NEVADA TRAGEDY.

The Fight Between Bodlen and Chimay at the Bodie Saloon.

"I saw a great deal of killing in one form or another and a heap of savage fights in Nevada's mountains," said Captain William Mason, once of the Comstock lode and a score of other lodes in the Silver State, "but for surprise and horror the fight between Bodlen and Chimay in the Bodie saloon lay over anything else by long odds. It was about midnight that the men fell to shooting—what it was about I forget now—but the saloon was running full blast, and there was a scattering to get out of the way of the shots. But the shooting was all on one side, for the cylinder of Chimay's pistol wouldn't revolve, and Bodlen sent shots into him until Chimay fell with holes enough in him to have let out three lives. He was carried into a back room and laid out on the floor to wait for the coroner, and then every body went back into the front part of the saloon, and the games and drinking went on as lively as before.

"Bodlen, as the winner, was naturally popular and a good deal looked up to that night, and had a good many invitations to drink, and he set 'em up himself off and on. He was standing at the bar with a group around him, the hero of the night. Of a sudden the door of the back room where Chimay had been laid away opened, and the first man that looked gave a yell like an Indian and nearly fell backward, and the rest of us felt like doing the same thing when we saw that it was Chimay standing there, pistol in hand, looking around. He saw the man he wanted, and by this time everybody between him and Bodlen had got out of the way. He raised his pistol and Bodlen pulled his, and the shots rang out again, but this time Chimay's pistol cylinder revolved, and at his second shot Bodlen dropped his pistol, staggered and went down on his face, shot through the heart. Chimay watched him fall, and then his pistol dropped from his hand and he fell backward into the room, a corpse for good this time.

"For clear nerve and resolution what Chimay had done beat anything I ever knew of. Left to himself, he had revived, picked up his pistol, taken it apart, fixed the cylinder so that it would work, and then came out and shot his man. That was a specimen chip of Nevada in the old days."—New York Sun.

Hood's Pills

Cure sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, distress and indigestion. Do not weaken, but have tonic effect. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

High Heels.

Women are more often too short than too tall and consequently try to gain height by putting on high heeled shoes, and these do undoubtedly give dignity as long as the wearer stands still, but in motion they are graceless, even in a room, and deform the feet. Thus women are made to minister to a very short lived fancy, and, from a physiological standpoint, we cannot recommend them. American women, as a rule, have too small feet, which do not add to their beauty. The better shape a foot is the smaller it will look, but in the disproportionately small foot there is always involved an awkward gait. The foot of a large woman should be larger than the foot of a small woman or a slenderly built woman, and usually—to her unnecessary sorrow—she has a large one. The foot in length should be the length of the ulna, a bone in the forearm, which extends from a lump in the outer portion of the wrist to the elbow. Of course the ulna is longer in tall people, and to be graceful the foot should be also.

Most people would be surprised that the foot should be as long as the forearm and would be inclined to dispute the fact unless proved by experience. Large women pinch their feet in tight shoes because they are ashamed to have them in proportion to their bodies. Thus in time they deform them until they are out of all proportion to the body and sometimes in the direction they do not intend. The public eye, being not critical of proportion, without their going to the pain of pinching their feet, consider them small. Therefore there is no excuse for exchanging this kind of torture and the dignified carriage, two essentials to the greatest beauty. In fact, anything else could be better sacrificed than ease of motion.—New York Ledger.

A Mexican Belle.

"The Mexican belleza is a born coquette and mistress of the art of captivation," says Edward Page Gaston in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Her eyes of limpid night are demurely pensive, almost to sadness, and the long lashes which partially curtain them droop languidly and apparently without purpose, but all this is only to veil the sly glances constantly sweeping here and there for fresh conquests. The eyes of a Latin beauty are simply magnificent in their changing expressions. They perfectly mirror every shade of sentiment in the southern soul. The face, too, dangerously demure, unless lighted up by a radiantly captivating smile, can hardly be matched for beauty the wide world around, when regarded in all its harmony of gleaming teeth, countenance delicately tinted and dimpled, raven hair falling in waves upon the marge of the high, white forehead and the film of the lace wrought sevillana carelessly tossed with true Castilian grace upon the head.

"A corner of the lace head wrap lightly kisses forehead and cheek and makes a fit crowning to the gracefully lined form, shawled in the silken folds and sweeping fringe of the costly tapalo brought over from Spain as a family heirloom many years ago. There is no costume more befitting the occasion than these Andalusian shawls and lace head draperies, re-enforced by the Spanish fan, innocent in itself, but a whole battery of expressiveness when commanded by the taper fingers of a southern beauty abroad for conquest."

Poor Brooklyn!

Mrs. Schermerhorn (of Brooklyn, regretfully)—My husband feels averse to doing the marketing, now that Brooklyn is a part of Greater New York.

Mrs. Boerum-Place (of Brooklyn, sighing)—It has made a great change in Herbert too. He objects to wheeling baby out in her carriage himself any more, and, for the first time in five years, he has begun to neglect sweeping off the front walk before going to business in the morning.—Brooklyn Eagle.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	14
Sides ℔ lb	6	@	7½
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb		@	5¼
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ℔ lb		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	44	@	45
Virginia Meal	44	@	45
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	10½
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	17
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	25 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 75	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 00
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 75
Straight		@	5 10
Fine Patent	5 35	@	5 50
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½@		8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,		@	45
Car load, in bags—White,		@	44
Oats, from store		@	38
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	50
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

March 8, 1897.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Perfume Balls for the House.

Every dainty housekeeper likes to have her linen closet perfumed with lavender and her own underwear and belongings fragrant with the faint, fresh odor of crushed violets or roses or whatever perfume she prefers.

Sachets may become soiled and are not especially lasting. Solidified perfumes, such as our grandmothers used to make in the form of "sweet balls," are easy to prepare, and a supply may be kept on hand in a closely corked bottle so they can be renewed as often as their virtue is exhausted.

These "sweet balls" may be given any fragrance desired, according to the materials used.

For a violet ball take six ounces of pulverized Florentine orris root, add three ounces of the best French violet powder. Make a mucilage of gum tragacanth with a little violet water. Prepare just enough to moisten the violet sachet and orris root. The mucilage should be quite thin, and the powders should be worked to a firm dough. Roll out portions of this dough until it is the size of small marbles and put them in a tight tin box to dry or roll them in a little violet sachet or dry, powdered orris root.

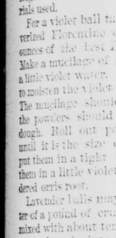
Lavender balls may be made of a quarter of a pound of crushed lavender flowers mixed with about ten drops each of oil of lavender and made into a dough with a little gum tragacanth melted into a little lavender water. Make this dough into larger balls. Roll them in powdered orris root and dry them in a covered box.

Still another variety of sweet ball is made of one ounce each of cassia and of cloves, ten drops each of balsam of Peru, oil of vetiver, attar of roses and true oil of orange flowers. Add two ounces of powdered orris root. Reduce any dry articles to a powder and make the whole mass into balls with violet or jasmine essence, or use equal parts of both.

Almost any sachet may be prepared in balls by the use of gum tragacanth made into a mucilage with a little of the fragrant waters of the same perfume. The balls should be rolled afterward in the dry powder and dried.—New York Tribune.

Trajan and subsequent emperors built a line of walls from the Black sea to the Caspian to protect Asia Minor and another line from the intrenchment to the river Euphrates.

Who can measure the influence of a



Mother!

It lasts through all ages and enters the confines of eternity. With what care, therefore, should she be guarded and how great the effort be to make her life happy.

Mother's Friend

makes child-birth easy, assists nature in its sublime effort, leaves the Mother stronger after than before confinement, and robs the trying hour of its terror. No Mother can afford to neglect its use.

Of druggists at $1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price. Write for book containing valuable information for all Mothers, mailed free.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

je 20 tf su fr we

Your Friend the.... **Kenwood Bicycle**

A Wheel You Can Depend Upon.

For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

You can learn all about it by addressing

Hamilton Kenwood Cycle Co.

203-205-207 S.Canal St., Chicago.

sep 11 tf

FASHIONS CHANGE BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

WANTS HAMS, NOT ARTISTS.

A Music Hall Manager's Complaint of Actors Who Are Above Their Business.

"I don't want any more artists," said the music hall manager who gave the burlesque. "The people I want are hams and nothing but hams. Whenever I get an application from an actor who calls himself an artist, I'm going to tear up the letter for fear I might lose my presence of mind and engage him. If the play's a success, the artist did it. If it's a failure, it was the author. Sometimes I wonder, when I hear these artists talk, what is the use of their ever having plays written for them at all. They're independent of the dramatists, and I should think they would just step on the stage and talk their plays. But they don't do that. They merely content themselves with refusing to speak this or that line because it's 'rotten,' substituting something of their own, and then saying it's the fault of the author that nobody laughs at their stupid gags. I happened to have a bunch of 'em here, and that lasted me for the rest of my life. Hereafter I'm out of it."

"What are artists?" asked the innocent.

"They're chiefly actors who're condemned to come and act in the music halls for three times as much as they ever got in their lives before. What they do is to call everything rotten, decide that they know more about the play than the man who wrote it and walk around as though it were beneath them to do anything more like acting than that when it came to the question of acting in a music hall."

"And hams, what are they—the sort of hams you mean?"

"They're chiefly variety actors accustomed to hard work, rough maybe, with a quality of got there that makes the audience interested. They've come up, and the artists think they've gone down. The difference is between trying to do something well, because it's the best opportunity you've had, and taking no interest at all in it because you've been in the habit of doing what you think is better."

"But isn't it better, as Sam Bernard says, to be a has been than a never was it?"

"Maybe it is, but it's rough on the manager who pays his money out for them. I had one of them here, and he was going to be so original that he would not use the lines the author wrote, but promised to tickle the audience to death by some entirely original grinds of his own. When the test came, he went on the stage and did the same things he had done 11 years before. He was never able to do anything else during the rest of the time. I had some others like him, and that is why I say now that I only want hams, not artists—hams that work hard and know how to make an audience enjoy itself, not artists too fine for anything."—New York Sun.

Brigham Young's Business Genius.

In studying Brigham Young I have not sought to know the man as he lives in Mormon literature, with a glowing religious halo about his eminently business-like brow. I have sought rather to find him through conversations with some of his favorite captains and through the letters he wrote them when they were engaged in perilous missions to wild districts in the unexplored west. These were the men who lived near to him and knew the thoughts that throbbed in his active brain. None of these men has told me of any striking religious thought which he uttered from the pulpit, but all have said that he insisted that it always paid to plow deep and plant alfalfa. They have related with especial pride their talks with "the president" at evening camp fires, when he would plan, with wonderful accuracy, irrigation canals and village sites, to be made in connection with the conquest of some new valley they had explored. The plans which he traced on the ground with his cane by the firelight generally anticipated very closely the later results of surveys. His letters to these captains were full of instructions about provisions, coming emigrant parties and the treatment of the Indians. They always closed with a devout reference to Divine Providence, but the underlying spirit was that of the sturdy industrial chieftain aiming at the conquest of the waste places.

This man's dream was of empire. In every fiber of his body, in every beat of his brain and heart, he was a materialist. All his buildings, like all his philosophies, were fashioned on strong and simple lines. They were made, not to look beautiful, but to serve useful purposes and to last long. That he used the power of the church relentlessly to accomplish his ends cannot be denied. But the church, however much it may have meant to others, was with him only one of the means, and not the great object of his ambition. His first act in Utah was to raise the American flag and proclaim himself governor of "the state of Deseret"—land of the working bee.—Atlantic.

The Water Pitcher.

In bedrooms which have no stationary washstand the pitcher is usually filled in the adjacent bathroom. It is well to have this done from the hot water faucet. The water is much softer and more agreeable to the skin after it has been heated and cooled.

WOMAN AND HOME.

A BIG TRANSPORTATION PROJECT ORIGINATED BY A WOMAN.

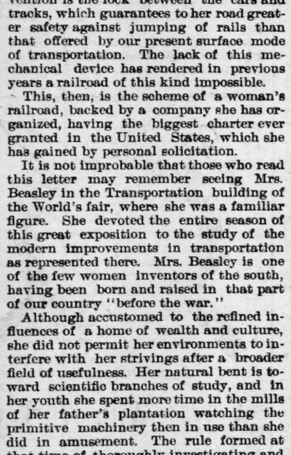
Foundation of Good Habits—When In Doubt, Select Serge—Perfume Balls For the House—Living For Your Neighbors. High Heels—A Mexican Belle.

A visit to the patent office will show that the inventions made by women cover a wide field and include not only devices intended to lessen the work of the household, such as raisin stoners, baby jumpers, egg beaters and carpet sweepers, but also the most intricate of scientific instruments, textile machinery, electrical apparatus, telescopes, firearms, etc. It is estimated that altogether Uncle Sam has granted 154,000 patents, one-fiftieth of which, or 3,080, were applied for by women. Sixty-two of these lived in Washington, while New York city can claim 400 of them. New England easily stands ahead of any section of its size in the world in the number of women inventors it has produced, while our southern states are not far from the bottom of the list.

Conspicuous in this end of the century is Maria E. Beasley, whose scheme of a new railroad system, if brought to the successful completion predicted by engineers and business men, will revolutionize the present mode of transportation between the east and west.

Mrs. Beasley has before been interested in the labor saving question, as is demonstrated by her barrel making machines, which turn out 1,500 a day, and those for the driving of hoops upon them at the rate of one a minute.

Railroad men have for many years been puzzling over the question how to carry perishable commodities long distances and preserve the large per cent of them now lost. Curiously enough, a woman is the first to complete the solution of this troublesome problem. Mrs. Beasley, with others, felt that refrigerator cars, even if perfected, could never be entirely satisfactory;



MARIA E. BEASLEY.

that a railroad system furnishing greater speed than any in use today must be invented. She has therefore adopted, to promote this requirement, the old idea of connecting great commercial centers in opposite parts of the country by elevated railroads of two tracks, upon which the cars will travel without stops at way stations and uninterrupted by local traffic and street crossings.

The motive power is to be electricity, supplied from stations arranged every 50 miles along the way and applied through Tesla's latest improvements in current transmission. Mrs. Beasley's particular invention is the lock between the cars and tracks, which guarantees to her road greater safety against jumping of rails than that offered by our present surface mode of transportation. The lack of this mechanical device has rendered in previous years a railroad of this kind impossible.

This, then, is the scheme of a woman's railroad, backed by a company she has organized, having the biggest charter ever granted in the United States, which she has gained by personal solicitation.

It is not improbable that those who read this letter may remember seeing Mrs. Beasley in the Transportation building of the World's fair, where she was a familiar figure. She devoted the entire season of this great exposition to the study of the modern improvements in transportation as represented there. Mrs. Beasley is one of the few women inventors of the south, having been born and raised in that part of our country "before the war."

Although accustomed to the refined influences of a home of wealth and culture, she did not permit her environments to interfere with her strivings after a broader field of usefulness. Her natural bent is toward scientific branches of study, and in her youth she spent more time in the mills of her father's plantation watching the primitive machinery then in use than she did in amusement. The rule formed at that time of thoroughly investigating and understanding every mechanical device coming under her observation has been a potent factor in her subsequent successes.

The management of this large plantation at length devolved upon her, and she thus learned to take the lead, rely upon herself and decide between the business-like and the impracticable. At the Centennial of 1876 Mrs. Beasley became interested in the subject of transportation and has been studying from that time upon the scheme which has within the last few months been brought near completion.—Bessie A. Safford in Washington Post.

Foundation of Good Habits.

After the sixth month a child usually begins to teeth. Voluntary muscular action is then more frequent. Feeble beginnings of individual will power are manifested. The babe gradually recognizes the world outside of itself. It is no longer merely an animated stomach; other faculties and functions start into activity.

All this varied development makes increasing demands upon the nervous system, reacting upon the physical nature and immediately manifesting themselves in a checking of the phenomenally rapid growth to be noted during the first six months of every healthy child's existence. If the precious first six months have been properly used, the development of the second six months is not less rapid, although it expends itself in other directions than in purely physical growth. This, however, should normally take place, without any disturbing elements or violent check. But if the first half year has not been employed to build up the maximum of physical strength and to train the child into normal, healthful habits, the second half year is confusion worse confounded, and in too many cases records the death of the child.

Habit rules us all, but is absolute master of the unresisting infant. A baby is a natural autocrat, recognizing no authority. It is in vain that the mother tries to induce it to sleep at the proper time or strives to hush its cries when the desired food is not forthcoming. What she cannot accomplish, however, the simple power of habit can bring about without a struggle. If the child is fed at absolutely regular periods, it will be hungry then and at no other time. If, so to speak, it sleeps day by day by the clock, sleep is must when the hour strikes, whether it will or no. Even the stomach can be trained into the habit of digesting the maximum amount of food necessary for the full nutrition and growth of the body, and when so trained it possesses marvelous power to carry on its accustomed work under such temporary irritation or derangement of the general system as would render a child with a weak stomach seriously if not violently ill.

The first six months of life, therefore, form the mother's golden opportunity. If she do not then lay well the foundation, the whole superstructure must betray this primary defect. Then and then only will all the elementary forces of nature be on her side. Later some elements, if not all, will be against her. If she neglect the child at first or leave it to the untrained care of a nurse, she will, as a penalty, certainly spend many times six months during its later life in nursing it in illness or caring for it in invalidism.—Harper's Bazar.

When In Doubt, Select Serge.

We are frequently asked to give opinion regarding the best sort of wool fabric for general wear that will keep its color, luster and dressing and "prove most ladylike, stylish and at the same time durable for a costume for general wear," and after but little deliberation our answer is: When in doubt, select serge. In the whole category of materials there is not a fabric that possesses as many varied merits as serge of the best quality. It is almost imperishable and withstands with credit those very severe tests which even children invariably put it to. At one time the material was only to be had in black and various shades of brown and blue, but soon the manufacturers introduced new dyes and also patterned serges, and now almost any color desired can be procured. Many women like the rough serges with an underweave of black intermixed with blue, gray, etc., but there are others who prefer the one color, fine silky surfaced serge that repels dust, moisture and does not catch every stray mote that shows so plainly on a dark surface.

There are also new double warp cashmeres, much like drap d'ete, that are greatly liked. These by some merchants are called "zeppour cashmeres" and are of fine chudda wool. This sounds oriental, but the fabric so ostentatiously catalogued is really a soft, heavy cashmere with a surface that bears a fancy design. Fashionable as are the boucles and other rough surfaced cloths, it is found that their wear as a rule is disappointing. Even when of extra quality and evenly woven the loops and rough bars which cover the surface are so many traps to catch any loose or flying fragments, and then come the drawing and straining of the texture surrounding it. Even when the loop is cut to release the tension, it is nearly impossible to restore the threads to "first position." The stylish roughness that first pleases the eye shortly becomes so pronounced as to make the fabric resemble nothing so much as a currycombed blanket. Women who study economy are wise in avoiding goods of the description named. Serge, vigogne, cashmere, ladies' cloth, the smoother qualities of camel's hair, and even all wool armure, all wear admirably and seldom or never disappoint the wearer if a first class quality is selected.—New York Post.

In Mexico it has been discovered that the administration of honey to smallpox patients banishes the pustules and decreases the fever immediately.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the 'NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE.' This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain, in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

SUPERB AND UNIQUE

A Triumph of Art and Journalism

WILL BE

The Christmas Number OF THE NEW YORK HERALD

Brilliant as has been its predecessors, the Holiday Edition to be issued on **Sunday, December 12, 1897,** will even surpass them in literary excellence and artistic merit.

Conspicuous in Interest will be found

FOUR MAGNIFICENT HIGH ART SUPPLEMENTS

Which will furnish a ravishing delight to the eye of EVERY LOVER OF THE BEAUTIFUL IN FORM AND COLOR.

The Story of the Childhood of Jesus, The infancy of the Christs will be the basis of a characteristic narrative by George H. Hepworth, D. D. The article will be lavishly illustrated with exquisite reproductions of the most famous paintings of the Madonna and Child.

The author of "The Triumph of Death" is writing for the CHRISTMAS HERALD a story of appropriate theme and intense human interest,

Novelette by D'Annunzio

JOHN STRANGE WINTER, STUART CUMBERLAND

WILLIAM LE QUEUX, J. S. OF DALE.

From the pen of each of these talented and popular writers of fiction will be a romance of more than usual fascination

Six Other Gifted Story Tellers

will also contribute to the pages of this notable number of the SUNDAY HERALD.

DEAN FARRAR Has chosen as his text an elegant discourse, "Some Thoughts on Christmas."

"Christmas Conjuring" is the subject of a delightful article by PROFESSOR HOFFMAN

For the Little Folk there will be a holiday feast of Christmas fun

For the Fair Sex the latest things in Christmas Fashions.

For the Lover of the Ludicrous the brightest and best work in up-to-date caricature

Among the many other literary features of this spectacular edition will be an article of absorbing interest on

THE DAWN OF CIVILIZATION.

No effort has been spared to render the CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the SUNDAY HERALD SUPERLATIVELY BEAUTIFUL in its PICTORIAL EFFECTS.

In the full page drawings in color will be represented THE MOST FAMOUS ARTISTS of EUROPE AND AMERICA.

These and a hundred other features of equal merit will help make

The Christmas Herald of 1897 one of the most remarkable contributions to journalistic literature of these modern days. nov 26 3t

A NEW Colony Resort

—AND—

Sportsmen's Retreat,

AT VAUGHAN, N. C.

Twenty-Six Miles South of Weldon, on the Seaboard Air Line.

A first-class retreat for sportsmen has been opened up at Vaughan, N. C., located 26 miles South of Weldon, on the Seaboard Air Line. The enterprise will be under the management of Mr. E. C. Gerhard, whose successful experience in such matters, will enable him to take care of and to please those who may patronize him.

The hunting in this territory is excellent. Quail is found in abundance. Rabbits, Deer, Squirrel and Wild Turkeys are plentiful, and delightful hunts can be arranged with citizens who have trained dogs and hounds for this purpose. On the river, six or seven miles distant, Wild Geese and Ducks are found in large numbers during the winter season.

The Seaboard Air Line will grant special rates to huntsmen, and will carry their hunting dogs free of charge.

Sportsmen Going South.

"The opening of the hunting season down South is attracting numerous parties of Northern sportsmen, several of which have gone through on the Seaboard Air Line."

"The Seaboard Air Line, recognizing the desirability and importance of attracting sportsmen to its territory, has with its usual foresight and progressiveness, established a hunting lodge at Vaughan, one of the best hunting sections in North Carolina. The lodge promises to be patronized liberally."—*Portsmouth Star.* no 24 tf

When you wish to talk Stoves and Ranges just bear in mind Buck goods are the finest and best made in America. This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other Stoves from the cheapest up.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Gen'l Agents,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. sep 9 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Paid in Capital, $125,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits, $70,000.

Promptness, Accuracy, Safety.

Liberal loans made at lowest rates on approved security. We have always made a specialty of supplying, without postponement, all customers desiring to borrow on good security.

YOUR ACCOUNT SOLICITED. no 21 tf

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.

2—You can draw it out when you need it.

3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, and working for you while you are asleep

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child wishing to deposit

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President. GEO. SLOAN, Cashier.

no 21tf

The Morning Star.

Oldest Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING

Reduced Rates of Subscription:

ONE YEAR, BY MAIL	$5 00
SIX MONTHS, BY MAIL	2 50
THREE MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 25
TWO MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 00
ONE MONTH, BY MAIL	50

☞ Delivered, by carriers, to City Subscribers at 45 cents per month.

Address

Wm. H. Bernard,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

JOB PRINTING.

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

The Star Job Printing Office, Book Bindery and Ruling Rooms Are Complete in Their Appointments.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY AND CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD,

Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
J. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
R. W. Livermore, Pates.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

je 1m

BIG G Trade Mark CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Trade Mark

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

jan 21

1897 THE 1897

MORNING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL.

THE CHAMPION OF RIGHT! All the News From All Points.

THE BEST ONE-CENT DAILY.

12 PAGES.

For Mail Subscription.

ONE WEEK	10c
ONE MONTH	30c
SIX MONTHS	$1 50
ONE YEAR	$3.00

THE

SUNDAY HERALD

Baltimore's Favorite Newspaper and Model Home Journal.

36 PAGES.

LEADS IN CIRCULATION.
LEADS IN MERIT.
LEADS IN POPULARITY.
Single Copy, 3 Cents.

For Mail Subscriptions.

ONE MONTH	15c
SIX MONTHS	75c
ONE YEAR	$1.00

THE

WEEKLY HERALD

50c. for 12 Months.

TWELVE PAGES—Giving complete accounts of all events of interest throughout the world. Its Market Reports are accurate, complete and valuable.

A welcome visitor to all homes. Specimen copies mailed to any address.

Send in $2 and the names of five yearly subscribers.

Address all communications to

THE HERALD PUBLISHING CO.,

Fayette and St. Paul streets,

nov 3 BALTIMORE, MD.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call. Respectfully,

je 30 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

NORTH, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3 30 p m, arrives Lumberton 5 30 p m, Pembroke 5 46 p m, Maxton 6 18 p m, Laurinburg 6 23 p m, Hamlet 6 3 p m. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 30 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m Sanford 5 03 p m, Hamlet 8 03 p m, Rockingham 7 30 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 35 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 20 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 56 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 35 a m, Hamlet 5 10 a m, Rockingham 5 23 a m, Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m Lincolnton 10 30 a m, Shelby 11 a m, Rutherfordton 12 30 noon, Asheville 1 15 p m, Atlanta 3 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 3—Leaves Hamlet 8 20 a m, Arrives Laurinburg 9 46 a m, Maxton 9 05 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 53 a m, Wilmington 12 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leave Atlanta 1 10 p m. Arrives Athens 3 16 p m, Monroe 9 30 p m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4 35 p m Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 15 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 10 31 p m, Rockingham 11 05 p m Hamlet 11 30 p m, Sanford 1 09 a m, Raleigh 4 15 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 25 a m, Richmond 8 18 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leave Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7 10 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 20 p m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager,
V. E. McBEE, Gen Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.

sep 29 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, Receiver

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect November 28th, 1897.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 Daily
Leave Wilmington	9 10 a m
Arrive Fayetteville	12 10 p m
Leave Fayetteville	12 20 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 37 "
Leave Sanford	1 43 "
Leave Climax	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 40 "
Leave Greensboro	4 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 37 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 15 "
Arrive Mt Airy	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. Daily.
Leave Mt Airy	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 15 p m
Leave Climax	12 48 "
Leave Sanford	2 35 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 56 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 10 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. Daily.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 5 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. Daily.
Leave Fayetteville	4 50 p m
Leave Hope Mills	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs	5 13 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 6. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Rameur	6 40 a m
Leave Climax	8 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 35 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 15 "
Leave Climax	4 25 "
Arrive Rameur	6 0 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walaut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

no 25 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington

CROATAN, Saturday, Nov.
ONEIDA, Saturday, Dec. 4

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA, Saturday, Nov. 27
CROATAN, Saturday, Dec. 4

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, Nov. 30
ONEIDA, Tuesday, Dec. 7

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.

no 27 tf

Livery and Sales Stables

Open All Day and All Night

Every day in the year.

First-Class Equipment

IN EVERY BRANCH.

Hacks and Baggage Line to and From All Trains.

Horses Boarded.

Furniture Wagons with careful drivers.

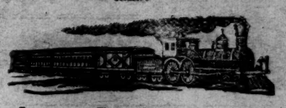
S. P. COWAN & CO.,

Second between Princess and Chestnut Street.

Telephones, both Companies, No. 15

oc 26 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 22, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.56 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 5.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.55 a m, †Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 3.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 3.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 6.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.48 p m, Florence 7.45 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 9.30 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.40 a m, Savannah 2.40 p m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.09 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 30 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.35 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.35 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.38 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 38 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 3.20 a m and 3 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5 10 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m. Sunday, 4 06 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.00 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, Nov. 26, 1897

THE AUSTRIAN REICHSRATH.

Another Day of Tumultuous Disorder in the Lower House—The Sitting Finally Closed

By Cable to the Morning Star.

VIENNA, November 24.—When the lower house of the Reichsrath re-assembled to-day, after adjourning yesterday from the scene of unprecedented disorder, all the ministers were present and the approaches to the presidential tribune were blocked, doors having been erected since the disgraceful fighting of yesterday in and about the tribune and throughout the house.

The entrance of the president of the chamber, Dr. Abrahamovics, was the signal for loud and ironical salutations, which were followed by vehement Leftist shouts of "shame!"

Dr. Abrahamovics made an attempt to speak, but Dr. Wolff, the German Nationalist leader, interrupted him by shouting: "Some one else must take the chair, not this swindler!"

Herr Schoenerer, a leader of a section of the German opposition, then yelled at the top of his voice: "I demand the right to speak, which I am entitled to."

Thereupon Dr. Wolff retorted: "There is no such thing as right in this House. It is trodden under foot by these Mamelukes."

As the uproar which followed showed every sign of increasing, Dr. Abrahamovics adjourned the House until 8 o'clock this afternoon, amid a storm of "hurrahs" and "bravos."

The sitting was resumed at half-past 8 o'clock. Immediately the Leftists commenced a din, in the midst of which the German Centrist Herr Falkenhyn, conceived as a happy idea a proposal to defeat the Obstructionists by threatening their pockets. He moved that for the future disorderly members might be suspended for three days by the president or thirty days by the House, during which time their allowance should be stopped, while members refusing to leave the chamber when requested might be forcibly expelled.

The speech was interrupted with continuous uproar, Herr Wolff shouting "let's pitch the blackguards out."

The president vainly call for order. Finally Herr Wolff stationed himself directly in front of the presidential tribune and began a shrill whistle. A number of deputies tried to force open the doors at the front, while a party of Gzechs endeavored to prevent them.

When the tumult was at its height Herr Abrahamovics declared that he regarded the motion of Herr Falkenhyn as a necessary measure of self-defence, and called for the voting. The whole Right at once arose and the president declared the motion carried. A number of deputies then began clambering upon the president's platform, whereupon he seized his bell and left the house.

After a short interval he returned and began to address the chamber, but his voice was drowned in a torrent of Leftistic yells and shouts of "get out," and "shame." Finally, the sitting was suspended for an hour, at the close of which President Abrahamovice returned and announced that in accordance with wishes expressed in many quarters he had decided to close the sitting, to open again to morrow.

The scenes which are regarded as a parliamentary *coup d'etat* were witnessed by the British amoassador, Sir Horace Rumbold, and by Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain), with other noted foreigners. The motion of Count Falkenhayn (not Herr Falkenhayn) as previously sent out for the minister of agriculture, was carried by means of an evidently preconcerted signal between President Abrahamovics and the Rightists, for no word of the president's speech was audible.

This novel proceeding was greeted with howls and jeers by the Oostructionists. For a long time Count Badeni, the premier, stood calm and unmoved, but when the disorders reached a climax both he and the president sought safety from personal violence in flight.

Five Vienna newspapers, in addition to several provincial journals, have been confiscated for articles on Wednesday's proceedings.

Count Badeni had interviews with Emperor Francis Joseph last night and this morning. To-day's sitting was delayed while the carpenters built fences around the president's chair. While this was going on the assembled members indulged in animated discussions and jeered about the "presidential cage."

The leaders of the Opposition met this evening to decide what steps should be taken in view of the violation of the constitution, but no decision was arrived at.

OPPOSITION TO AUTONOMY.

A Mixed Commission of Cubans and Spaniards to Fix the Tariffs in Cuba.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, November 25.—The clause in relation to the tariffs in the government's proposed scheme of autonomy for Cuba provides for the creation of a mixed commission to be composed of Cubans and Spaniards, which is to fix the tariffs. The rates fixed by the commission are to be adopted by the Cuban Chamber of Deputies, and then approved by the Spanish Cortes before they become effective. Should the mixed commission come to a dead lock the Cortes is to be the arbiter of the question at issue.

Prime Minister Sigasta has received over one hundred dispatches from persons and organizations in Catalonia, Biscay and other provinces asking that the autonomy scheme be suspended. A member of the Cabinet said to-day, however, that the opposition to the scheme must soon cease. "Naturally," he added, "the proposed reforms were opposed by a number of persons who by the past system had amassed great riches, and that the government was determined to carry out what it considered a patriotic work and its decisions must be respected."

It is expected that the ministry of the colonies will be abolished after the application of the reforms and that colonial affairs will be conducted by the prime minister.

FIRE AT PENSACOLA.

Started By An Incendiary—Loss Estimated at $100,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PENSACOLA, FLA., November 25.—About $100,000 worth of property was burned this morning by a fire that was started by an incendiary in the old compress building, which was used by several firms as a warehouse for the storage of hay and feed stuffs. The fire spread from this building to the Clubbs' building and lumber yard, the old freight house of the Louisville and Nashville railroad and the company's new freight house. The latter was filled with merchandise. The contents of both freight depots were destroyed.

WEAK NERVES indicate deficient blood. Nervous people find relief by purifying and enriching their blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great nerve tonic.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills.

ANOTHER HARD BATTLE

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AND UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

The Foot Ball Game at Richmond—Tar Heels Again Beaten—Score 12 to 0—The Line Up—Features of the Game.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., November 25.—The gladiators of the University of Virginia have fought another hard battle with their adversaries of the University of North Carolina, and once more victory perches over the orange and blue banner. The score was 12 to 0. It tells of a victory as fair as it was complete, and surprising only from the fact that it was not more disastrous to the Tar Heels. It was a foregone conclusion that Virginia would win, and odds were freely laid that the score would reach at least thirty points in her favor. Except in kicking, the Virginia men outplayed the North Carolinians in every department, but the defensive work of the latter was superb, and though the Virginians played an aggressive game from start to finish and kept the ball well within their opponents' lines, their repeated efforts to score were defeated by brilliant mass-plays. The North Carolina team has improved very much of late, and that uncertainty which makes the sport attractive, was demonstrated when the young athletes of the blue and white, lighter in weight and lacking confidence, met their opponents at every point and gave them the battle of their lives. The game was remarkable for the number of kicks made. The ball changed hands frequently, but neither side kept it for any length of time. For Virginia, Carney was the bright particular star, while for North Carolina, Belden did yeomen service. Virginia scored the first goal early in the game, and the second just before time was called. There were many fumbles and but few off side plays. Heretofore the rivalry between the universities has been so keen that much animus has been displayed in the games, but one of the pleasantest features of the struggle to-day was the fact that there was not a harsh word passed and there was no slugging. Albert Shull, Klutz and Howell, of the North Carolina team, were disabled. Shull with a sprained ankle, Klutz with a dislocated shoulder and Howell with a sprained knee.

The line-up was as follows:

VIRGINIA.	POSITIONS.	N CAROLINA.
Wallace	C.	Cunningham
Davis	R. G.	Cromatie
Templeman	L. G.	Bouldin
Collier	R. T.	Bennett
Pierce	L. T.	Schull (Turner)
Estes	R. E.	Klutz (Case)
Mallory	L. E.	White
Nolle	Q. B.	Rogers
Karney	R. H. B.	Collins
Hill	L. H. B.	Howell (Graves)
Morrison	F. B.	Belden (Captain)

Umpire, Kelly of Princeton; Referee, Bannard of Princeton; Linesmen, Whitaker and Walsh; Time-keepers, Jones and Baskerville; Touchdowns Virginia, 2; North Carolina, 0. Goals, Virginia, 2; North Carolina, 0. Time of halves 85 minutes. Time of game, two hours seventeen minutes.

ROANOKE, VA., November 25.—The game of football to day between the University of Tennessee and V. P. I. team of Blacksburg resulted in a score of 18 to 0 in favor of the former.

PHILADELPHIA, November 25.—The University of Pennsylvania football team defeated Cornell this afternoon by a score of 4 to 0.

LYNCHBURG, VA., November 25.—St. Albans school, of Radford, Va., to-day defeated the Virginia Military Institute football team by the score of 4 to 0, in a stubbornly contested game.

NEW FOOT BALL RECORD

Made By a Player On the University of Chicago Team.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, November 25.—Clarence Hershberger, the full-back of the University of Chicago, made a name for himself in foot ball history to-day by making three successful place-kicks in the annual game between the Universities of Chicago and Michigan. One of them was so difficult that the attempt would have seemed foolhardy had not his team been well in the lead. One was made in the first half from the 17-yard line, and two in the second half, one from the 30-yard line, the ball at the time being right in front of the goal posts. But the kick which brought twelve thousand people to their feet occurred about fifteen minutes later. The ball at the time was not more than five yards from the side lines and twenty-five yards from the goal, and when the strong-limbed half-back and Gordon Clark dropped back with the evident intention of attempting the play Chicago supporters were amazed. The ball was passed cleanly and Clark placed it on the thirty-five-yard line. An instant later the ball was sailing high in the air. It dropped squarely between the posts and a new foot ball record had been made. The game resulted: Chicago, 21; Michigan, 12.

PULLMAN CAR ROBBERY.

A Negro Porter Caught in the Act of Despoiling a Sleeping Passenger.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS Nov. 25.—Lee Pitts, a negro Pullman porter living in this city, is a prisoner at the Four Courts on the charge of attempted robbery.

A. E. Hill, a broker of Providence, R. I., alleges that Pitts tried to steal from his pocket an envelope containing $39,000 in certified checks and $3,000 in in cash. Broker Hill was a passenger on the Baltimore & Ohio train which arrived in St. Louis from the east to-day. As soon as the train reached Union station he caused the arrest of Pitts.

At the Four Courts Mr. Hill related this story: "Just after the train passed Odin, Ill., this morning, the porter pulled the curtains aside and reached into my berth. He took $10 out of my trousers pockets and then thrust his hand into my inside coat pocket, where I had an envelope containing $42,000 in cash and checks. I awoke just in time to save the envelope. I grappled with the negro and the encounter attracted the attention of the Pullman conductor, J. B. Hodges. He ordered the negro to return the $10 he had taken."

Mr. Hill is the owner of several lead and zinc mines at Joplin, and he is on his way there. He says he will remain in St. Louis long enough to push the prosecution.

LYNCHINGS IN GEORGIA.

Two Negroes Killed—One for Assaulting a White Girl, the Other for Stealing a Mule.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., November 25.—An unknown negro was killed by lynchers near Blacksheer this afternoon, his body being riddled by bullets. The negro outraged Miss Rebie Davis, the 17-year-old daughter of Eli Davis, a farmer seven miles north of Blacksheer, while she was alone in her home.

WAYCROSS, GA., Nov. 25.—Jerry Johnson, a negro, was lynched this evening by a mob near Screven. He was in charge of officers and was being taken to jail at Jessup. A crowd of armed men rode up to the officers and demanded the prisoner. The negro was riddled with bullets. Johnson had been arrested for stealing a mule.

HAVANA ADVICES.

Daily Distribution of Rations Among Reconcentrados—Sugar Estates Recovered by the Spanish From Insurgents.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, November 25.—Rear Admiral Vicente Manterola arrived to day from Spain and took charge of the admiralty office. With him also came 300 soldiers and 270 seamen.

Senor Barrera, former Chief of Police, now in Spain, has been summoned by the Governor General to attend the inquiry into the circumstances under which Senor Galves, the Portuguese consul, and his son, met their death on the Santo Venia road while going to join the insurgents.

From to-day there will be a daily distribution of 2,000 rations, instead of 1,000 among the reconcentrados at Matanzas, and to-morrow an infirmary battalion will be organized.

Several sugar estates near San Fernando and in the Natividad district of Sancti Spiritus have been recovered by the Spanish from the insurgents. The latter lost several men and had several taken prisoners.

Pardons have been extended to 96 persons "guilty of forcible resistance" in various localities of the island. Among these are ten women, and also twenty-six subjects of foreign governments.

Major Robert Echarte and Captain Ygnacio Echarte, the latter a brother-in-law of General Julio Sanguilly, have formally surrendered in the province of Matanzas.

The governor of Santa Clara province and the mayor of the city of Santa Clara having advised the government that the food which is being supplied to the troops is of very inferior quality, the government, according to the official account, has issued stringent orders correcting the abuses of supply, and the troops will be supplied with good rations in the future.

The government has ordered a regular distribution of rations to the reconcentrados at Sagua la Grande.

BISHOP HAID'S JUBILEE.

Cardinal Gibbons Banquetted in Charlotte—Expected in Wilmington To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., November 25.—The silver jubilee of Bishop Leo Haid, which has been in progress at St. Mary's monastery, near this city, for two days, was concluded this afternoon. Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, is in Charlotte to-night, the guest of Dr. D. Donohue. He will leave in the morning for Wilmington, and will be entertained at the home of President Elliott, of the Atlantic Coast Line, on Wrightsville sound. He will be the guest of Col. F. W. Kerchner, in Wilmington, until Monday, when he will return to Baltimore.

The celebration at St. Mary's was in honor of Bishop Haid's ordination to the priesthood, twenty-five years ago. There were many visitors, in addition to 100 Catholic dignitaries from various sections of the country.

Rev. Regis Canevan, of Pittsburg, Pa., preached the sermon to-day and pontificial high mass was celebrated in the cathedral.

THE HEAVY WEIGHTS.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons to Again Fight for the Championship.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BUFFALO, N. Y., November 25—The *Express* this morning published the following:

"Within ten days Corbett and Fitzsimmons will sign articles for another battle for the heavy-weight championship of the world.

"This positive statement was made last night by James J. Corbett and William A. Brady, who is Corbett's manager."

The *Herald* to morrow will say: The published rumors that Corbett and Fitzsimmons would be matched within ten days was news to William A. Brady, the ex champion's manager. Brady says that he knew nothing of any such arrangement. Corbett, he added is ready to make a match with Fitzsimmons at any time the latter may designate.

UNIVERSITY BURNED.

Institution for Negroes at Tougaloo, Mississippi.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TOUGALOO, MISS., November 25.—Fire broke out in the dormitory of the Tougaloo Negro University about 8:30 o'clock last night, and despite the heroic work of the students, the buildings were quickly burned to the ground. The fire was first discovered in the third story and is supposed to have originated from a defective flue. Fortunately the students were all at prayer meeting, so no one was injured. The loss is estimated at $20,000.

IN HONOR OF WEYLER.

The Town of Palma Decorated and a Public Banquet to Be Given on His Arrival.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PALMA, ISLAND OF MAJORCA, November 25.—This town and its port are decorated to-day in honor of General Weyler, who was born here. Preparations have been made to give the General a public banquet after his arrival here from Barcelona.

The municipality of Palma, however, has refused the request made by the Conservatives, Carlists and Republicans to rename the square in front of the town hall and call it Weyler square.

IN FIVE ROUNDS.

Tommy Ryan Knocked Out Australian Jim Ryan at Elmira Last Night.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ELMIRA, N. Y., November 25.—Tommy Ryan knocked out Australian Jim Ryan in five rounds before the Maple Avenue A. C. to-night. The men were matched to fight twenty rounds at 154 pounds. Tommy had things his own way and the Australian was unable to land with any effect. Ex-champion Paddy Ryan was referee.

JOHN BARNES CONVICTED.

Will Be Given a Long Term in the Penitentiary For Assaulting Miss Cora Yarborough.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

WILSON, November 24.—John Barnes, who attempted rape on Miss Cora Yarborough at Rocky Mount some time ago, was tried at Nashville to day and found guilty. He will be given a long term in the State penitentiary, though the sentence has not been passed as yet. The penalty is not less nor more than fifteen years.

FIRE IN WASHINGTON.

The U. S. Electric Lighting Company's Plant in a Blaze.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 26.—The power plant of the U. S. Electric Lighting Company is on fire. The lights in the greater portion of the city are out and from present indications the building and machinery will be destroyed. No estimate of the loss can be made as yet.

INSURGENTS RAID HAVANA.

A Daring Dash by the Cubans—Stores Plundered of Provisions, Money and Valuables—Shots Fired at the Palace.

[*Special to the Baltimore Sun*]

HAVANA, CUBA, Nov. 24.—For the first time in the history of the Cuban war rebel bullets sought the palace in Havana last Sunday. The shots came from Casa Blanca, six hundred yards across the entrance to the harbor, and, while nobody was hurt, the palace, with its electric lights, was a shining mark and must have been hit.

The Spanish authorities attempt to ignore the affair, and a reporter for *La Lucha*, who wrote up and attempted to have the facts in the case printed, was arrested and is still incommunicado.

The attack on Casa Blanca was made by Brig Gen. Rafael de Cardenas and fifty rebels. They entered the town a short time before midnight on horseback, and at the end of four hours each man led out of town a horse laden with clothing, provisions, silver plate and considerable money. Before the rebels left they fired two volleys across the narrow harbor entrance at the palace, then cooly retired to a friend's house inside the Spanish lines and had refreshments that had been previously ordered. All this was under the guns of Cabana and Morro.

It is stated from an inside source that the object of the rebels was to effect the release of Gen. Ruis Rivera and hang a citizen named Fumiero, who is alleged to be a spy. They failed in the first only because of some misconception regarding the appointed time on the part of confederates within the prison, with whom arrangements had been made to admit the raiders into the fortress. Fumiero managed to escape across the harbor.

The whole affair was well planned. General Cardenas' first visit was to Cabana. When the rebels saw that the arrangements there had failed, they went after Fumiero. He fled across the harbor, and the rebels did not dare to follow.

Then the raiders went to Casa de Lose Frailes, the priests' house, where they took blankets, silver plate and money. This house is close to Morro Castle. The priests made a great outcry, but no soldiers came. The rebels then sacked the stores of Fumiero, securing some gold. They also looted three other stores without molestation.

At midnight they approached a cavalry outpost and secured some horses. These they led back into town and loaded with spoils. The horses were then sent out with a small detachment of men, and the other rebels fired two volleys at the palace. This aroused the Spaniards for the first time, but by the time the troops turned out the rebels had gone.

The rebels approached and fired upon Mariano last night. There was great excitement. The volunteers were called out and with the regular troops returned the rebel fire. The residents were panic stricken and locked themselves in their houses. The rebels did not succeed in entering the town.

Correspondence received from the East states that General Gomez is massing men near Sagits and is preparing to march westward to strike a potent blow before Congress meets. Unusual activity of the rebels is reported from all quarters. The Spaniards are also making preparations for action, but as yet each avoids the other.

WARM WIRELETS

The Kiao-Chou affair is seriously occupying the attention of the Japanese Government, and the representatives of Japan abroad have been instructed to ascertain the intentions of the Powers.

Michael beat Starbuck at Madison Square Garden, N. Y., last night by thirty laps in a bicycle contest, distance twenty-five miles. Time 50 minutes, 29 1-5 seconds. This beats Michael's Chicago indoor record.

An Affront Resented.

"There was the most intense rivalry between two towns in Colorado, and I was a resident of one of them," said the retired business man. "It was not altogether a generous rivalry, and within certain classes disputed superiority generally led to muscular discussion. Business men vied for trade in debatable territory, the doctors, the lawyers, even the ministers, said harsh things against the other town, but it was in social circles that the belligerency was apparent at its height. People who could not afford it would go in for display, and when the two places had a function in common the toilets were chosen with special reference to showing that they were very expensive or to casting reflection upon the rival city.

"At a mask ball held in the other place I had the hardihood and impudence to perpetrate what I thought a telling joke. I was dressed in a costume of newspapers and appeared in the literary character of The Quick and the Dead. Gradually it dawned upon the residents that the papers of my own town represented the 'quick,' while the papers of their town represented the 'dead.' It was an unpardonable insult. Indignation ran so high that I began to wish I had not been so brilliant. The sensational denouement came when a belle of the rival city took a little promenade with me and quietly touched a lighted match to my costume. In an instant I was all quick and no dead. I rolled in the grass, and in due time the conflagration was extinguished, but you can see the marks yet.

"Then the papers of the other town made a dead set at me, raked up my record even more thoroughly than if I had been running for office and made some remote locality look so inviting that I left."—Detroit Free Press.

Word In Season.

Many stories are told of the eccentric Parson Adams, minister in Lunenburg, Mass., for over 35 years. He was a man whose character won respect from laymen as well as from his brother clergymen, and whose influence was widely felt.

At one time he went to preach in a town some miles distant from Lunenburg and stopped to pass the night at a friend's house. It was a cold winter night and the clergyman was both tired and hungry. It was proposed to have prayers at once and then supper, after which the minister could go directly to his bed and get a long night's rest. To this he agreed, and the family were called together.

The supper was to consist mainly of Indian cakes, which were set to bake on platters in front of the fire. The parson's seat was opposite the kitchen door.

The service began, but in a moment Parson Adams saw that one of the cakes had fallen down and was burning. He paused and looked toward his hostess, who seemed unconscious of any culinary crisis.

"Mrs. Blank," he said gravely, "we are told to watch as well as to pray. I cannot help seeing that one of those excellent cakes is burning. I will thank you to attend to it."

The cake was rescued, and Parson Adams resumed his Scripture reading with an easy mind.—Youth's Companion.

In a Hurry.

Doctor—How is your brother, Miss Cynthia?

Aunt Cynthia—He's worse this morning, doctor—a lot worse.

Doctor—Did you give him that medicine as I directed—a teaspoonful every hour?

Aunt Cynthia—No, doctor. I just gave him the whole bottle at once. He wanted to hurry up and get well, so's to go to the pantomime tonight.—Strand Magazine.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

AN ODD SLIP.

There Is No Official Record of Queen Victoria's Birth.

Curiously enough, neither the birth, baptism nor confirmation of Queen Victoria is a matter of official public record. One might suppose that, filed away in its appointed place among the state archives, there could be found a document formally setting forth the birth of the child who, though not heir presumptive to the throne at the time of the birth, was removed from it by only three degrees, but such is not the case. With regard to her birth, all that was deemed necessary was its announcement by the state officials whose duty it was to be personally cognizant of the fact.

In the huge public records building, in Chancery lane, wherein are jealously guarded the muniments of ancient landed titles and the records of royal treaties, one may see the marvelously well preserved Doomsday Book, which is the beginning of all things to the English conveyancer; the solemn compacts of cardinals, envoys, embassadors and ministers; the priceless records of royal prerogatives side by side with the grants wrung from unwilling monarchs to the growing power of the people. There also are preserved, and with equal care, a multitude of writings which have no other interest, despite their antiquity, than that which comes from the fact that they have to do with the trivial details of the most common incidents in the lives of the kings and queens of England, but among them all there can be found no official or other record of the coming into existence of a certain child, one Alexandrina Victoria, who was destined to become the first empress that ever sat upon an English throne, to rule over a wider extent of country than ever before constituted the dominion of a sovereign, to count among her willing subjects a greater number of people and a wider diversity of races than has ever acknowledged a common scepter, and who has, finally, in the closing decade of the nineteenth century, completed a longer term of continuous reign than has been allotted to a queen in the world's history.—From "Queen Victoria's Coronation Roll," by Florence Hayward.

ANTHOUSES IN AUSTRALIA.

Mounds In Which Millions of the Insects Live In Perfect Amity.

One mound in particular, a grooved columnar structure, was 18 feet high. This was not far from Port Darwin. The discoverer believes that originally the mound was conical in shape. The sides were smooth. It has evidently been in use for many years and the columnar effect noticeable, he believes, is due to the fact that the ants incessantly traveling the pathways up and down the mound produced the grooves that are seen and resulted in giving the effect of a columnar formation. The entrance to the mound, examination showed, had varied in location, for there was distinct evidence that apertures of this sort had been walled up in several instances.

The interior of the mound referred to showed as much as anything the remarkable instinct of the ants. It was divided up very much after the fashion of the tall buildings which are now becoming so common, with an immense court within the structure itself—that is, there were hundreds of tiny cells built in from galleries which were terraced one above the other. The galleries were connected by paths of stairways, each of these being constructed with architectural exactness. The cells were almost uniform in size, and reminded one, the explorer said, of the cell of a monk. The earth in each instance was as hard and smooth as marble and bore evidence of long continued usage. A portion of the ground floor, or basement, of the mound had been divided up into storerooms, and here it was evident the ants had carefully-packed away the provender which they had secured from various points about.

While naturalists and students of the intelligence of insects and animals have long been inclined to believe that the ant exceeded in at least keenness of instinct all other creatures of its kind, it has never been conclusively shown until demonstrated by Mr. Saville-Kent.—San Francisco Call.

THE HUSTLING DRUMMER.

Some of the Conundrums He Perpetrates on Hotel Registers.

The modern drummer is a hustler, or, if he isn't, he pretends to be. He hasn't time to write the name of his town out in full on the hotel register. No, indeed. He strides up to the desk, grabs the pen and dashes off "John Smith, Ch'go," or "James Brown, B'fo," or "Henry Blank, Col's." Then he strolls off to an easy seat and spends an hour or so over a cigar and the Sunday paper. Were there drummers in Chaucer's day or did old Geoffrey have the gift of prophecy when he perpetrated that delicious bit of quaint sarcasm, "Nowhere was found so besy a man as he, and yet he seemed besier than he was?"

But it is hardly fair to put it all off on the much abused traveling men. This habit of abbreviating has become well nigh universal. A Windy City man would as soon think of writing "Chicago" in full after his name as he would of putting "Ills." on the envelope when he writes home. It is presumably the same principle which leads him to regard it as a deadly insult to the dignity of his native town if you put "Cook county" in the address when writing to him. Many abbreviations are, of course, natural. "N. Y." and "Phila." and "Balto." and "Cin'ti" come easy. But "B'fo" and "H'bg" and "Col's" have a strange look at first.

The small towns have caught the habit too. "Wh'g" is often seen on Pittsburg registers. Some Greensburg people like to sign themselves from "G'bg," though one would think they would better not risk it very far from home, unless they wish to puzzle people. Some succeed in doing this as it is. A certain man, who shall be nameless out of respect for his nerve, put himself down in a city hotel register the other day as coming from "L'bg." Now where on earth "L'bg" may be was a stumper. At least even the omniscient clerk had to confess his ignorance. There was a suspicion that a certain little town up on the Kiskiminetas river answered the description, but as the clerk remarked, "If he comes from Leechburg, why in thunder doesn't he say so like a man?"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

St. Paul's In Shakespeare's Time.

John Bennett's serial story of the time of Shakespeare, "Master Skylark," in St. Nicholas, gives these pictures of old English life and scenes:

People passed them like shadows in the mist, and all the houses were a blur until they came into a wide, open place where the wind blew free above a wall with many great gates.

In the middle of this open place a huge gray building stood, staring out over the house tops—a great cathedral, wonderful and old. Its walls were dark with time and smoke and damp, and the lofty tower that rose above it was in part but a hollow shell split by lightning and blackened by fire, but crowded between its massive buttresses were booths and chapmen's stalls. Against its hoary side a small church leaned like a child against a mother's breast, and in and around about it eddied a throng of men like ants upon a busy hill.

All around the outer square were shops with gilded fronts and most amazing signs; golden angels with outstretched wings, tiger heads, bears, brazen serpents and silver cranes, and in and out of the shop doors darted apprentices with new bound books and fresh printed slips, for this was old St. Paul's, the meeting place of London town, and in Paul's yard the printers and the bookmen dealt.

Mrs. Ida A. Harper, chairman of the California suffrage press committee, in an article on "Women In War," states that in an Indian war in the Northwest Territory the records show that 100 women were slain on the battlefield

Some mothers object to the higher education of their daughters on the ground that, as they do not usually leave college until they are 22 or 23, their chances of matrimony are materially diminished.

A great array of knives and forks is not seen at the best tables. Two knives and at the most three forks are considered sufficient, the others being supplied as they are needed.

Few women realize how many doctor bills they could save by indulging in long, invigorating walks.

Buckien's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpariel type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

Wanted—By Old Established House—High Grade Woman, good Church standing, willing to learn our business then to act as Manager and State Correspondent here. Salary $900. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, Box —, care DAILY STAR. no 25 3t

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Thanksgiving Turkeys, both alive and dressed, fresh country Butter, Eggs, Chickens, Apples, etc. New Store. Fresh goods. Call and see me before you buy. H. J. Bierman, 105 South Front street. no 24 tf

Dr. N. M. Culbreth, Dentist, 9 North Front street, over Polvogt store. Will endeavor to give entire satisfaction to those who will favor me with their patronage. nov 21 1w

Turkeys, Chickens, Geese and Ducks, alive and dressed, at L. Tate Bowden's, 6 Princess street. Also Peas of all kinds.

In case you need Bananas, Fine Peaches, Malaga and Catawba Grapes, don't hesitate a moment as to where they can be bought to best advantage. Go to Andrew Mavronichols', 705 North Fourth street. Bell 'Phone 346; Inter-State 191. nov 14 tf

People know good Teas and Coffees when they drink it. That's why they follow the Atlantic Tea Co., even if they have moved to 618 North Fourth street. They keep the only good Teas and Coffees in the city. You had better be patrons of theirs if you want the best. nov 14 tf

Had that Suit made yet, neighbor? No! Well, call to see me and get some figures. Don't think of buying un il you have seen the large and complete stock of E. Poezolt & Bro., No. 8 South Front street. nov 14 tf

Wanted at once—A position as governess to small children, or as mother's aid. Companion to an infirm or elderly lady. Terms moderate. References good. Address, S. A. G., Carrier 5, Wilmington, N. C. oc 31 tf

Coats you nothing to see the Maxim light. Cheaper and better than the Welsbach or Sunlight. What more do you want? Wilmington Iron Works sell it. nov 10 1m

Merchants—Wholesale and country merchants save time and money by letting me parch your Peanuts. New process by which large quantities can be roasted at one time. Samples sent if required. A. E. Blake, Wilmington, N. C. nov 7 tf

Photographs—For finest quality, latest styles, best material, finest finish, lowest prices, call on U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Cloudy weather makes no difference. oc 29 tf

Black-eye and Cow Peas, Chickens, Eggs. Don't handle everything, but solicit consignments of country produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, and Pork a specialty. M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. oc 28 tf

W. V. Hardin, corner Second and Princess streets, fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. New River Oysters in any style. Polite and attentive clerks. Satisfaction guaranteed. oc 14 tf

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92 mar 18 tf

A War With Turkey

Can be avoided this week by coming to our Store and preparing for the fray with a set of our fine Carvers. Our "Russell" Cutlery is made from the best high grade steel, and can slice the toughest gobbler. We have also in stock fine pocket and table cutlery, Scissors, Shears, etc, by the leading makers of this and foreign countries.

Our lines of Hardware, Tinware, Granite Teaware, Heating and Cooking Stoves are complete in each department, at prices that will catch the closest buyers.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

no 21 tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH,"

Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.

my D&W

1831 *Sixty-Eighth Year.* 1898

THE

Country Gentleman.

THE BEST OF THE

AGRICULTURAL WEEKLIES.

Indispensable to

ALL COUNTRY RESIDENTS

WHO WISH TO

KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

TERMS REDUCED FOR 1898

☞ SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS (which will be stated by mail on application) to Persons raising larger Clubs;

☞ Paper FREE all the rest of this year to New Subscribers for 1898;

☞ *AND A PREMIUM FOR EVERY READER.*

It will be seen that the difference between the cost of the COUNTRY GENTLEMAN and that of other agricultural weeklies may readily be reduced, by making up a small Club, to

Less Than a Cent a Week!

Send for Specimen Copies,

Which will be mailed Free, and see whether this enormous difference in cost should prevent your having the best. What account would you make of such a difference in buying medicine or food? Address,

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,

oc 14 5t ALBANY, N. Y.

AN INDUCEMENT.

During this week we will make and lay Carpets FREE OF CHARGE for cash only. We except REMNANTS.

We Will Cut and Hang Shades FREE OF CHARGE.

On our counters you will find one lot of Ladies' Vests and Pants. Some are worth $1.00, others 75 cents each. They will go now for 49 cts each. You may find your size.

For this Week Only—

Ten dozen Ladies' Ribbed Vests (fleeced lined) at 25 cents each.

For this Week Only—

Five dozen Ladies' Wool Vests (worth $1.00 each) only 89 cts each.

Comforts at $1 and $1.25 Each.

KID GLOVES and the largest line of Ladies' Dress Goods ever shown in Wilmington.

We are Agents of BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

1,000 CRASH to be disposed of and will go this week for 3c per yard.

A. D. BROWN,

No. 29 North Front St.

'Phone 102. no 7 tf

J. A. SPRINGER & CO

IF YOU WANT GOOD COAL

If you want clean well prepared Coal.

If you want first-class service.

If you want to buy fuel of a concern that always tries to please.

If you want to trade with dealers who appreciate your business.

If you want to deal with a firm that always has the goods on hand.

If you want straight goods at straight prices and be treated right on four sides, then send your orders to the old stand.

J A Springer & Co

no 14 tf

FOR YOUR THANKSGIVING DINNER!

Good Coal and a well roasted turkey are inseparable. You get your turkey and order the high grade, well screened BANNER or CALEDONIA COAL from our yard, and we will guarantee that if he is as tuff a gobbler as ever strutted through a barn yard Banner or Caledonia Coal will bake him tender. For sale by

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.

Campbell and Second street, Dock between Front and Water. no 21 tf

Cold Weather Novelties.

Blankets and Comforts.

Double Blankets	45c and up
Extra Heavy Gray Blankets	98c
Red Blankets	$1.25, 1.75 and 2.50
All Wool $5.00 Blankets	$3.75
$6.50 Blankets, our price	$4.98
Comforters	39, 45, 75 and 95c
$2.00 Grade, only	$1.48
$5.00 Down Comforters	$3.50

Capes and Cloaks.

Capes with Braid	57c
Better quality	75 and 98c
Double Capes with Braid and Fur Trimmings Our Price	$1.50
Astrogan and Plush Capes	$2.50
$5.00 Capes latest styles	$3.50
$10.00 Capes, our price	$6.50

Overcoats and Suits.

Men's Overcoats	$1.75
Black Cheviot Overcoats	$1.75
$8.00 Velvet Collar Coats	$4.98
$12.50 Overcoat	$8.50
All Wool Business Suits	$3.98
$1.50 Boys' Suits	$1.00
$2.00 Suits, our price	$1.50

Underwear.

Heavy Undershirts	25c